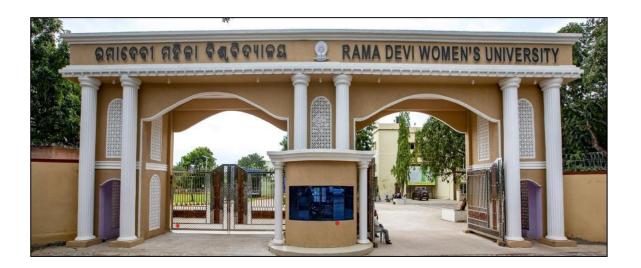
DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY SYLLABUS OF UG PROGRAMME(B.A.)





SKILLS .	
EMPLOYABILITY	
ENTERPRENURESHIP	

RAMA DEVI WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

Vidya Vihar, Bhubaneswar-751022, Odisha Website: <u>https://rdwu.ac.in</u>

SYLLABUS FOR UNDER GRADUATE COURSE IN

357

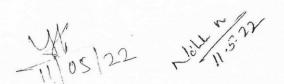
PSYCHOLOGY

(Bachelor of Arts Examination)



RAMA DEVI WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

VIDYA VIHAR, BHUBANESWAR-22, Lan D. S.



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UNDER CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

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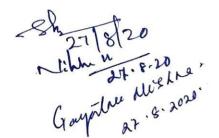
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SYLLABUS FOR UNDER GRADUATE COURSE IN **PSYCHOLOGY** (Bachelor of Arts Examination)



RAMA DEVI WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY VIDYA VIHAR,BHUBANESWAR-22

UNDER CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM



PSYCHOLOGY

Framework of CBCS Syllabus for PSYCHOLOGY (Honours) from 2019-20

Full Forms of Course Codes Used: CC = Core Course, AECC = Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course, SEC = Skill Enhancement Course, DSC = Discipline Specific Elective (Related to Core Subject), GE = Generic Elective (Not related to Core Subject; 2 different subjects of 2 papers each). Total Marks: CC (1400) + AECC (200) + SEC (200) + DSC (400) = 2600

	C(400) + GE(400) = 2600 CC	AECC	SEC	DSE	GE
Semester	14 papers 100 X 14 = 1400; Credits=14x6=84	2 Papers 100 X 2 = 200 Credits=4x2=8	2 Papers 100 X 2 = 200 Credits=4x2=8	4 Papers 100 X 4 = 400 4x6=24 credits	4 Papers 100 X 4 = 400 4x6=24 credits
1	CC-1: Introductory Psychology CC-11: Basic Developmental Processes	AECC-I: MIL Communication (Odiya/English)			GE Paper-I: Introductory Psychology
11	CC-III: Basic Psychological Processes CC – IV: Processes of Human Empowerment	AECC-II: Environmental Science			GE Paper-II: Basic Developmental Processes
11 1	CC – V: Statistics CC – VI: Social Psychology CC – VII: Environmental Psychology		SEC-I: Communicativ e English		GE Paper-III: Basic Psychological Processes
,	CC – VIII: Psychopathology CC – IX. Educational Psychology		SEC-II: Leadership &		GE Paper-IV: Processes of Human
V.	CC - X: Psychological Assessment		Personality . Development		Empowerment
	CC - XI: Organizational Behavior			DSE-1: Psychological Research and Measurement	
v	CC – XII: Health Psychology	_		DSC-II: Ethics. Integrity and Aptitude	
1	CC - XIII: Counseling Psychology			DSC-III: Psychology of the Disability	
	$(\cdot \cdot - x) \vee Positive Psychology$			DSC-IV: Project & Field work/ Psychology of Crime	

LAND 1.4 1/3.2 05/22 8/2 27/8/20 July 27.6.20 Gayritur 27.08.2020.

Framework of CBCS Syllabus for PSYCHOLOGY (Honors) from 2019-20 Onwards

Full Forms of Course Codes Used: CC = Core Course, AECC = Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course, SEC = Skill Enhancement Course, DSE = Discipline Specific Elective (Related to Core Subject), GE = Generic Elective (Not-related to Core Subject; 2 different subjects of 2 papers each).

Total Marks: CC (1400) + AECC (200) + SEC (200) + DSE (200) + GE (400) = 2400

		I		1	
Semester	CC 14 papers 100 X 14 = 1400; Credits=14x6=84	AECC 2 Papers 100 X 2 = 200 Credits=4x2=8	SEC 2 Papers 100 X 2 = 200 Credits=4x2=8	DSE 4 Papers 100 X 4 = 400 4x6=24 credits	GE 2 Papers 100 X 2 = 200 2x6=12 credits
Ι	CC – I: Introductory Psychology CC – II: Basic Developmental Processes	AECC I: MIL Communication (Odia/English)			
п	CC – III: Basic Psychological Processes	AECC II: Environmental Science			
	CC – IV: Processes of Human Empowerment				
	CC – V: Statistics		SEC – I:		GE Paper I: Introductory
III	CC – VI: Social Psychology	•	SEC – I. Compulsory		Psychology
	CC – VII: Environmental Psychology		English		
	CC – VIII: Psychopathology		SEC – II: Logical and		GE Paper II:
IV	CC – IX: Educational Psychology		Quantitative Analysis		Basic Developmental Processes
	CC – X: Psychological Assessment				
v	CC – XI: Organizational Behavior			DSE – I: Psychological Research and Measurement	
	CC – XII: Health Psychology			DSE – II: Psychology and Social Issues	
VI	CC – XIII: Counseling Psychology			DSE – III: Psychology of the Disability	
	CC – XIV: Positive Psychology			DSE – IV: Project & Field work/ Psychology of Crime	

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

The learning outcomes that a student should be able to demonstrate on completion of adegree level programme are as follows:

PO 1. Demonstrate fundamental knowledge and comprehension of the major concepts, theoretical perspectives, historical trends, empirical findings to discuss the ways in which psychological principles apply to behavioural phenomena.

PO 2. Develop scientific reasoning and problem solving, including effective research methods. Studentswould learn basic skills and concepts in interpreting behaviour, studying research, and applying research design principles to draw conclusions about behaviour.

PO 3. Developing positive attributes such as empathy, compassion, optimism, social participation, and accountability.

PO 4. Acquire the skill for self-presentation and self-management, communicating effectively in writing and orally, asking questions, conveying information to others in a simple and unambiguous way, active listening, giving and receiving feedback, making presentations, and report writing.

PO 5. Learn the application of psychology-specific content and skills, effective self-reflection skills, project management skills, teamwork skills, and career preparation. These skills would be developed and refined both in traditional academic settings as well as through extracurricular involvement.

PO 6. Cultivating an ethical mindset, including a strong work ethic, avoiding unethical behaviours such as data fabrication and plagiarism, being mindful of implications of research using human participants.

PO 7. Preparing students for state-level entrance examinations in psychology.

PO 8. Developing basic professional skills such as data analysis, computer literacy, psychological testingand measurement, observation, technological application and conceptual growth.

PO 9. Holistic development of students to create responsible citizenship through social, moral, ethical, and professional code of conduct.

PO 10. Enabling the students to use advanced range of generic skills that are helpful in employment, internships, and social activities.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

PSO 1. To develop a multi-disciplinary approach in understanding behaviour from the perspective of other social sciences like political science, economics, sociology, logics and mathematics etc., further inculcating a holistic learning experience that fosters professional, and vocational courses in higher education.

PSO 2. Understand, analyse and evaluate individual differences based on various perspectives and theories of personality and intelligence. As well as, apply and test individual differences in real life outcomes.

PSO 3. To understand the statistical concepts of how data are classified, organized, measured and analysed using different statistical methods and develop the ability to draw inferences about variables under study.

PSO 4. Investigate different aspects of human behaviour with an understanding of various research methods and demonstrate their application in psychosocial and professional settings.

COURSE]	COURSE MAPPING								
SKILLS									
EMPLOYABILITY									
ENTERPRENURESHIP									

Core Paper-I INTRODUCTORY PSYCHOLOGY

Course Outcomes

CO 1.1. Acquaint and enrich students' understanding of major psychological concepts and theoretical perspectives, with an emphasis on applications of psychology in everyday life.

CO 1.2. Help students learn the scientific discipline of psychology; the advantages, limitations and applications of various research methods used in the field of psychology.

CO 1.3. Students will develop critical thinking to use scientific techniques for biological psychology and develop awareness of brain and behaviour inter-relationships.

CO 1.4. Understand the nature of consciousness, sleep-wake cycle, hypnosis, hallucinations, and meditation

CO 1.5. Experimentally determine the R.L. for two-point tactual sensation by applying the method of limits of psychophysics.

CO 1.6. Experimentally determine the D.L. for lifted weights by applying the method of constant stimuli of psychophysics.

SEMESTER I

UNIT-I: Introducing Psychology

- (i) Concept and definition of psychology, Roots of psychology, Psychology as a scientific discipline.
- (ii) Key Perspectives in Psychology- Behavioral, Cognitive, Humanistic, Psychodynamic, and Socio-cultural.

UNIT-II: Methods in Psychology

- (i) Natural Observation, Survey and Case Study Nature, advantages and limitations.
- (ii) Experimental and Correlational methods -Nature, advantages and limitations.

UNIT –IIII<mark>: Biological Bases</mark> of Behavior

- (i) Structure and functions of the neurons, Communication within and between neurons, Chemical regulation of the endocrine glands.
- (ii) Structure and functions of the Central nervous system and Autonomic nervous system

UNIT-IV: States of Mind

- (i) Nature of consciousness; changes in consciousness- sleep-wake schedules
- (ii) Extended states of Consciousness Hypnosis, Meditation and Hallucinations

Practical:

- (i) **R.L. by Method of Limits:** To find out the R. L. of volar surface of the right arm of a subject by method of limits
- (ii) **D.L. by Method** of Constant Stimuli: To find out the D.L. for lifted weight of your subject by method of constant stimuli.

Mapping of Course Outcome	s with	Program	Outcomes
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	РО									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CO	4	2	2	4	2	4	2	2	2	2
1										
CO	2	2	4	2	2	4	2	4	4	2
2										
СО	2	2	4	4	2	4	2	2	2	2
3										
CO	2	2	4	4	2	2	2	2	2	2
4										
CO	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4
5										
СО	2	2	2	2	2	4	2	4	2	4
6										

Core Paper-II

BASIC DEVELOPMENTAL PROCESSES

Course Outcomes

CO 2.1. Understand the foundational principles and theories of human development and apply them to examine and evaluate the bio-psychosocial bases of human behaviour throughout the lifespan.

CO 2.2. Investigate, apply, and analyse the formulation of change that occurs through physical, cognitive, and socio-emotional factors as people evolve from conception to birth.

CO 2.3. Develop an understanding into issues related to culture, gender, sexual identity, environmental and genetic factors that pertain to physical and psychological development.

CO 2.4. Students learn to envision issues of self and identity from different points of view, within different disciplinary frameworks, and through different theoretical conceptions.

CO 2.5. Practically assess the locus of control of four college students by applying the Rotter's Locus of Control Scale.

CO 2.6. Practically measure the emotional intelligence of four college students by applying the Schutte's Emotional Intelligence Scale.

Course Content

UNIT-I: Basics of	f development
(i) Me	eaning, nature, and types of development; Principles of development;
Fac	ctors influencingdevelopment
(ii) Per	rspectives of development- Psychoanalytic; Mechanistic; Organismic;
Hu	manistic
UNIT-II: Life in f	formation
(i) Fer	tilization, determination of sex, multiple birth; Prenatal development-
ger	minal stage, embryonic stage, fetal stage; Factors influencing prenatal
dev	velopment. Impact of perinatal processes on development
(ii) Phy	ysical and motor developments, Social and emotional developments during
chi	ldhood
UNIT-III: Life in	preparation
(i) <mark>Phy</mark>	vsical and motor developments, Social and emotional developments during
ado	blescence.
(ii) <mark>Pia</mark>	get's stage of cognitive development; Kohlberg's stages of moral
dev	velopment
Unit- IV: <mark>Self and</mark>	l identity
(i) Em	nergence of self; Structure of the self; Development of personal identity
(ii) De	velopment of self-control; Development of gender differences and gender
role	es
Practical:	
(i) <mark>Lo</mark>	cus of Control: To assess the Locus of Control of four college students by
usi	ng Rotter's Locus of Control Scale.

(ii) **Emotional Intelligence**: To measure the emotional intelligence of four college students by using the Schutte's Emotional Intelligence Scale.

	РО									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CO	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
1										
СО	2	2	4	4	2	4	2	4	4	4
2										
СО	2	2	4	2	2	2	2	4	2	2
3										
СО	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	2
4										
СО	4	4	2	2	2	4	4	4	2	4
5										
СО	2	4	2	2	4	2	2	4	2	4
6										

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

AECC - 1

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES & DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Course Outcome (COs)

After completion of the course the students shall be able to:

- 1. Students understand about problems of environmental pollution and Impact of pollution on human and ecosystem and control measures.
- 2. Students will learn about increase in population growth and understand the issues of use of resources in proper manner leading to sustainable development.
- 3. Learn about causes and impacts of Disasters and Case studies of Nationaland Global disasters and risk reduction approaches of Disasters with safety issues in mitigating Industrial disasters.
- 4. Basic idea about the mode of transmission and course of some communicable and noncommunicable diseases and knowledge on the importance and methods of prevention of epidemics and pandemics

Unit – I Environment

The Environment: The Atmosphere, Lithosphere, Hydrosphere, Biosphere (01 period)

Ecosystem: Energy flow in the ecosystem (01 period)

Biogeochemical Cycle: Water Cycle, Carbon Cycle, Nitrogen Cycle (02 periods)

Pollution: Water Pollution, Air Pollution, Soil Pollution, Radiation Pollution, Industrial Pollution, Light Pollution, Sound Pollution (05 periods)

Environmental Laws: Water Act 1974, Air Act 1981, The Wildlife Protection Act 1972, The Environmental Protection Act 1986, The Forest Conservation Act 1980 (04 periods)

Unit – II Climate Change & Sustainable Development

Population Ecology: Individuals, Species, Population, Community (01 period)

Human Population Growth, Population Control Methods (01 period)

Urbanization and its effect on society (01 period)

Climate Change: Causes, effect, Global Warming, Carbon footprint and environmental protection (05 periods)

Steps taken towards Sustainable Development: Ban of single-use plastics, Automobile Scrapping Policy, Promotion of Electrical Vehicles (03 periods)

Brief Idea on Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), Agenda 21 of Rio Earth Summit (02 periods)

Unit – III Disaster Management

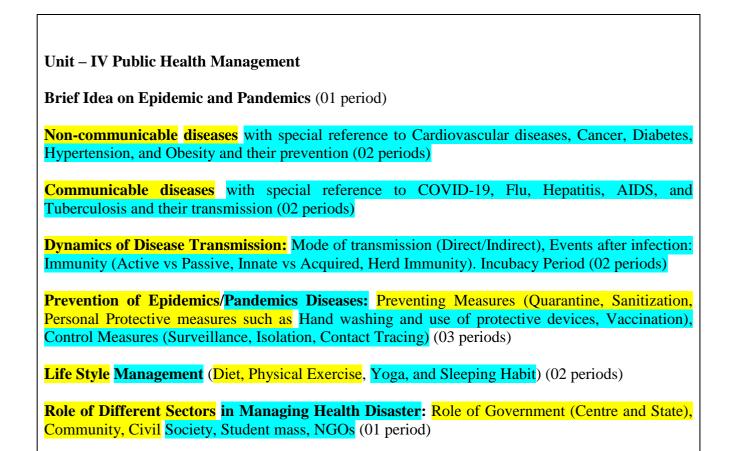
Disaster Management: Types of disasters (Natural and Man-made) and their causes and effect (02 periods)

Vulnerability Assessment and Risk Analysis: Vulnerability to various disasters (Flood, Cyclone, Earthquake, Heat waves, and Lightning) (02 periods)

Institutional Framework: Institutional arrangement for disaster management – National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA), State Disaster Management Authority (SDMA), District Disaster Management Authority (DDMA), National Disaster Response Force (NDRF), and Odisha Disaster Rapid Action Force (ODRAF) (02 periods)

Preparedness Measures: Disaster Management Cycle, Early Warning System, Pre-Disaster and Post-Disaster Preparedness, Strengthening of SDMA and DDMA, Community Preparedness, Stakeholder participation, Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) (05 periods)

Survival Skills: Survival skills adopted during and after disaster (Flood, Cyclone, Earthquake)



CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	5	5	5	5	4	5	5	2	4	5
CO2	5	4	5	4	5	2	4	4	2	5
CO3	5	5	5	2	5	4	5	5	4	5
CO4	5	2	4	2	4	5	5	5	5	5

Mapping Of Course Outcomes with the Program Outcomes

Core Paper III

BASIC PSYCHOLOGICAL PROCESSES

Course Outcomes

CO 3.1. Learn the scientific bases of reasoning about the mechanisms of sensory abilities and perceptual processes in humans

CO 3.2. Evaluate how knowledge of the theories and principles of learning and memory is applied in the practical context and its potential areas of research.

CO 3.3. Demonstrate an ability to identify practical applications and social relevance of current theories and empirical work in the area of language and communication.

CO 3.4. Develop thinking and reasoning skills to arrive at reasoned decisions, evaluate the credibility of different sources of evidence, and acquire the flexibility and confidence to transfer and apply these skills across a range of contexts.

CO 3.5. Experimentally demonstrate the learning curve as a function of learning trials by applying the list of non-sense syllables.

CO 3.6. Experimentally demonstrate the serial position effect in learning a list of nonsense syllables by the method of anticipation and prompting.

Course Content

UNIT-I: Sensation and Perception

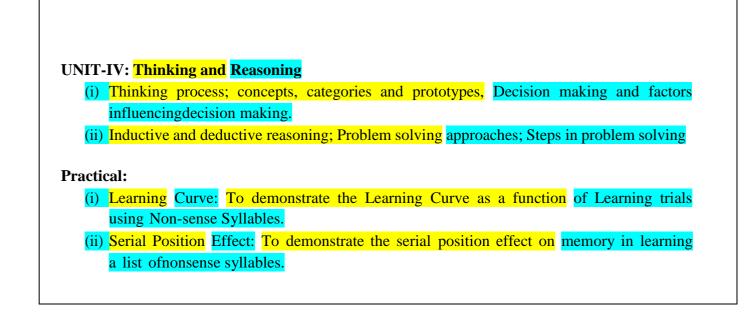
- (i) Basics of sensation- Sensory receptors (eye and ear), transduction, sensory thresholds, and sensoryadaptation
- (ii) Nature of perceptual process- Figure and ground, Grouping (Gestalt laws), Perceptual constancies, and illusions, Perception of distance and depth.

UNIT-II: Learning and Memory

- (i) Nature and principles of Classical conditioning, Operant conditioning, and Observational learning
- (ii) The Atkinson and Shiffrin Model of Memory; Types of Memory- episodic, semantic and procedural; Causes of Forgetting- interference, repression, and amnesia

UNIT-III: Language and Communication

- (i) Properties and structure of language, Linguistic hierarchy, Language acquisition -predisposition, Nature of effective communication
- (ii) Stages of language development; critical period controversy; speech error and its implications



	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	РО 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	2	2	2	22	2	2	2	2
CO 2	2	2	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	4
CO 3	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	2	2	2
CO 4	2	2	4	4	2	2	2	4	2	2
CO 5	2	2	4	2	4	4	2	4	4	4
CO 6	2	2	4	2	4	4	2	4	4	4

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

Core Paper IV

PROCESSES OF HUMAN EMPOWERMENT

Course Outcomes

CO 4.1. Understand, analyse and evaluate individual differences in intelligence, as well as test and measure intelligence using various psychological tools.

CO 4.2. Understand, analyse and evaluate individual differences in personality, as well as test and measure personality using various projective and non-projective psychological tools.

CO 4.3. Critically evaluate the theories of motivation and emotion; synthesize the understanding about the cognitive, affective processes involved in human behaviour and their applications

CO 4.4. Understand the various pathways through which cognitive states and processes influence self-efficacy, optimism, and well-being; and learn the application of positive psychology.

CO 4.5. Practically test the non-verbal intelligence of two college students using Raven's Standard Progressive Matrices.

CO 4.6. Practically assess the personality type of a student obtaining responses from the student and two other significant persons in his/her life by using Glazer's test of Personality Type.

Course Content

UNIT-I: Basics of empowerment
(i) Intelligence- Heredity, environment, and intelligence, Theories of
Gardner, Stenberg, &PASS
(ii) Measuring Intelligence: intelligence tests; Interpretation of test
score, Cross-culturalissues in testing intelligence
UNIT- II: Sources of Power (1)
(i) Personality- Freud's theory, and Social cognitive theory
sociocultural determinants, Psychometric and projective
assessment.
UNIT –III: Sources of Power (2)
(i) Motivation-Drive theory, Arousal theory, Expectancy theory, Maslow's nee
hierarchy
(ii) Emotion-Theories of James-Lange, Cannon-Bard, & Schachter-Singer
UNIT –IV: Proving empowered
(i) Social behavior- Meaning of attribution and errors in attribution,
Meaning of social cognition and processing of social information
(ii) Positive Psychology-Scope and aims, Nature and characteristics of
happiness, Subjective well-being and personal growth
Practical:
(i) Intelligence test- To test the non-verbal intelligence of Two
college students usingRaven's Standard Progressive Matrices
(ii) Personality Type- To assess the personality type of a student
obtaining responses from the student and two other significant persons
in his /her life by using Glazer's test of Personality Type

	P 0 1	PO 2	PO 3	РО 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO1	4	4	2	2	4	2	4	4	4	4
CO2	4	4	4	2	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO3	4	4	2	4	4	2	4	2	4	4
CO4	4	4	4	2	4	2	4	4	2	4
CO5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO6	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

AECC-II: MIL ALTERNATIVE ENGLISH

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Demonstrate high-level proficiency in writing and speaking English

CO 2. Develop skills in organizing and expressing ideas and viewpoints with clarity and coherence in writing and speech

CO 3. Enumerate skills in narration, description, and argumentation

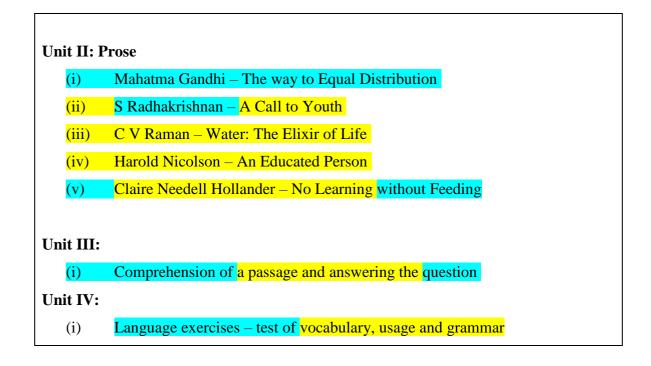
CO 4. Develop an acumen for a better understanding of the diversity of human experiences

CO 5. Acquire an openness to new ideas, perspectives, and ways of thinking

CO 6. Enhance literary and critical thinking

Course Content

Unit I: S	hort Story
(i)	Jim Corbett – The Fight between Leopards
(ii)	Dash Benhur – The Bicycle
(iii)	Dinanath Pathy – George V High School
(iv)	Alexander Baron – The Man who knew too much
(v)	Will f Jenkins – Uneasy Homecoming



Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

CO/P O	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	5	5	5	5	4	5	5	2	4	5
CO2	5	4	5	4	5	2	4	4	2	5
CO3	5	5	5	2	5	4	5	5	4	5
CO4	4	2	4	2	4	5	5	5	5	5
CO5	4	5	5	5	4	5	5	2	4	5
CO6	5	4	5	4	5	2	4	4	2	5

Core Paper- V PSYCHOLOGICAL STATISTICS

Course Outcomes

CO 5.1. Develop an understanding of the nature of psychological variables and measure them using appropriate scales of measurement. Learning graphical presentations of statistical data.

CO 5.2. Learn the processes of describing and reporting descriptive statistical data through measures of central tendency and variability.

CO 5.3. Learn the methods of drawing inferences and conclusions based on statistical analyses of parametric and non-parametric statistical tests. Understand the use of these measures in the application of research studies.

CO 5.4. Understand critically the problems faced in testing a hypothesis, and apply the statistical tests to analyse real life problems studies under research.

CO 5.5. Reporting of descriptive statistical data, analysis and results using SPSS.

CO 5.6. Familiarise with software used in statistical analysis and its applications in the field of research.

Course Content

UNIT-I: Fundamentals of Statistics

- (i) Meaning and scope of statistics, Nature of variables- Categorical and Continuous, Levels of Measurement- Nominal, Ordinal, Interval, and Ratio
- (ii) Drawing frequency distribution; Graphical representation of grouped data-Polygon, Histogram, Ogive.

UNIT- II: Measures of Statistics

- (i) Measures of Central Tendency- Characteristics of mean, median and mode; Computation of mean, median, and mode
- (ii) Measures of Variability- Concept of variability, computation of semi-inter quartile range, Standard deviation and variance, Co-efficient of variation

UNIT- III: Sources and Applications

- (i) Concept of Probability; Characteristics of Normal Probability curve, Applications of NPC, Deviation from NPC- Skewness and Kurtosis
- (ii) Concept of correlation, Product-moment correlation (ungrouped data), Rank order correlation, Chi-square test (Contingency Table)

UNIT – IV: Hypothesis Testing

- (i) Level of significance; Type I and Type II error; Computation of 't' for independent and dependent samples
- (ii) Purpose and assumptions of ANOVA; One-way and two-way ANOVA

Practical:

- (i) Reporting of Statistical Results: To collect data of 60 (30 boys and 30 girls) High School students about their Annual examination marks in four subjects and to report by descriptive statistical analyses.
- (ii) Computer Awareness: To be familiar with software packages of statistics and their applications

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	2
CO 2	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	2
CO 3	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	2
CO 4	4	4	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 6	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

Core Paper-VI SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

Course Outcomes

CO 6.1. Develop an understanding of the basic social psychological concepts and learn the various research methods applied in social psychological research.

CO 6.2. Learn the theories of attitude formation, attitude change, and roles of attitude in intergroup situations. Understand the factors leading to prejudice against specific groups and outline different ways of reducing prejudice.

CO 6.3. Identify and evaluate the factors impacting group cohesiveness and conflict, and analyze the theories to understand leadership in group settings.

CO 6.4. analyze the theories of prosocial behavior and aggression, and learn the ways to

enhance prosocial behavior and reduce aggression as cited from the research findings.

CO 6.5. Practically assess the ethical values of five adolescents by using the Donelson's Ethical Position Questionnaire.

CO 6.6. Practically measure the attitude of three boys and three girls towards women by using Spence, Helmrich & Stapps' Attitude towards Women scale.

Course Content

Semester III

UNIT-I: Introduction

(i)Nature, goal, and scope of Social Psychology; Methods of Social Psychology-Observation; Questionnaire, Interview, and Experiment

(ii) Social Cognition- Perceiving ourselves: self-concept, self-esteem, self-presentation and self-expression; Perceiving others and forming impressions

UNIT- II: Attitude, Prejudice and Stereotypes

(i) Attitudes- Nature, characteristics and functions of attitude; Attitude formation and change; Attitude measurement

(ii) Prejudice and Stereotypes- Nature and components of prejudice, Acquisition of prejudice, Reduction of prejudice

UNIT -- III: Group and Leadership

(i) Group - Group structure and function, Task performance: Social facilitation, social loafing; Conformity, Obedience and social modeling; Group cohesiveness.

(ii) Leadership- Definitions and functions, Trait, situational, interactional and contingency approaches to leadership; Leadership effectiveness, The charismatic leadership.

UNIT- IV: Social Behavior

(i) Pro-social behavior- Cooperation and helping, personal, situational and sociocultural determinants, Theoretical explanations of pro-social behavior

(ii) Aggression- Theoretical perspectives, Trait, situational and social learning approaches, social and personal determinants of aggression, prevention and control of aggression.

Practical:

(i) Ethical Values: To assess the ethical values of five adolescents by using Donelson's Ethical Position Questionnaire (EPQ).

(ii) Attitude towards Women: To measure the attitude of three boys and three girls towards Women by using Spence, Helmrich & Stapps' Attitude towards Women scale.

	mapping of course outcomes with frogram outcomes											
	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
CO	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	2	2	2		
1												
СО	4	4	4	4	4	2	4	2	2	4		
2												
СО	2	4	2	4	2	2	4	2	2	4		
3												
СО	2	4	2	2	4	2	2	4	2	4		
4												
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
5												
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
6												

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

Core Paper- VII ENVIRONMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY

Course Outcomes

CO 7.1. Understand the inter-relationship between environment and behavior.

CO 7.2. Understand the hazards to ecology and environment.

CO 7.3. analyze different psychological approaches in the study of man-environment relationship.

CO 7.4. Understand the dimensions of environmental impact assessments, consequences of environmental deprivation; demonstrate the methods of creating environmental awareness; analyze the environmental movements of In

CO 7.5. Practically assess the environmental literacy of four college students using Bob Simpson's Environmental Literacy and Awareness questionnaire.

CO 7.6. Assess the environmental attitude, concern, and sensitivity of four college students using Bob Simpson's Environmental Literacy and Awareness questionnaire.

Semester III

UNIT -I: Environment and Behavior

(i) Earth as a living system: The Gaia hypothesis, Deep ecology; Man-environment relationshipphysical, social, cultural, orientation and product.

(ii) Effects of Environment on behavior: Noise pollution, Air pollution, Crowding and Population explosion.

UNIT-II: Ecology and Development

(i) Human behavior and Environmental Problems: Global warming, Greenhouse effect,

Energy depletion; Pro-environmental behaviors.

(ii) Ecosystem and their components; Sustainable development; Resource use: Common property resources. Ecology: Acculturation and psychological adaptation

UNIT -III: Psychological Approaches to environment

(i) Field theory approach; Eco-cultural Psychology (Berry); Biosocial Psychology (Dawson);

(ii) Ecological Psychology (Barker); Ecological system approach (Bronfenbrenner)

UNIT- IV: Environmental Assessment

(i) Socio-psychological dimensions of environmental impact; Environmental deprivationnature and consequences.

(ii) Creating environmental awareness; Social movements- Chipko, Tehri, Narmada.

Practical:

(i) To assess the environmental literacy of 4 college students using Bob Simpson's Environment literacy and awareness survey questionnaire.

(ii) To assess the environmental attitude, concern and sensitivity of 4 college students using Bob Simpson's Environment literacy and awareness survey questionnaire.

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	РО 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	2
CO 2	2	2	2	2	2	4	2	4	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	2	2	4	2	2	2	2
CO 4	2	2	4	4	2	4	2	2	2	2
CO 5	4	2	2	2	4	4	2	4	4	4
CO 6	4	2	2	2	4	4	2	4	4	4

SEC I: COMPULSORY ENGLISH

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Demonstrate high-level proficiency in writing and speaking English

CO 2. Develop skills in organizing and expressing ideas and viewpoints with clarity and coherence in writing and speech

CO 3. Enumerate skills in narration, description, and argumentation

CO 4. Develop an acumen for a better understanding of the diversity of human experiences

CO 5. Acquire an openness to new ideas, perspectives, and ways of thinking

CO 6. Enhance literary and critical thinking

Course Content

UNIT-I- BUSINESS COMMUNICATION AND GRAMMAR 1. Why English Communication is Essential and How to Improve the Skill? 2. Introduction to Voice and Accent Why do we have such different accents? Accent Training-**Consequences** Voice and accent in the Enterprise Industry Globally Comprehensible Accent Introduction to Phonetics International Phonetic Alphabet 3. Consonant Sounds 4. Vowels 5. Diphthongs 6. A Few Phonic Rules 7. Word Stress: Syllables 8. Intonation Intonation and Stress 9. Pacing and Chunking **Common Patterns of** Pacing Importance of Chunking 10. Fluency 11. Indianisms Errors relating to Grammar Vocabulary **UNIT-II: GRAMMAR** 1. English: Spoken Versus Written Communication 2. Nouns

2.1 Kinds of Nouns

- 2.2 Activity 3: Noun Ping-pong
- 2.3 Nouns-Number
- 2.4 Noun-Gender
- 2.5 Countable and Uncountable Nouns
- 3. Pronouns
- 3.1 Reflexive Pronouns
- 3.2 Relative Pronouns
- 3.3 Demonstrative Pronouns
- 3.4 Interrogative Pronouns
- 3.5 Indefinite pronouns
- 3.6 Activity 4: Sentence Auction
- 4. Adjectives
- 4.1 Activity 5 : Picture perfect
- 4.2 Positioning of adjectives
- 4.3 Comparative Degrees of Adjectives
- 4.4 Order of Adjectives
- 5. Adverbs
- 5.1 Kinds of Adverb.
- 5.2 Degree of Comparison
- 5.3 Word Order with Adverbs
- 5.4 Activity 6: Relay Race
- 6. Prepositions
- 6.2 Activity 7: Treasure Hunt
- 6.3 Activity 8: Route Map
- 6.4 Prepositions with Adjectives, Nouns and Verbs
- 7. Conjunctions
- 7.1 Coordinating conjunctions
- 7.2 Subordinating Conjunctions
- 7.3 Correlative Conjunctions
- 7.4 Connecting Adverbs
- 7.5 Activity 9: The Socks Story
- 8. Verbs
- 8.1 Verb Classification.
- 8.2 List of irregular verbs
- 8.3 Activity 10: Word Search
- 9. Subject and verb agreement
- 9.1 Activity 11: Tossed Word Salad

- 9.2 Activity 12: The Sentence Pageant
- 10. Determiners and Modifiers
- 10.1 Kinds of determiners
- 10.2 The Definite and the Indefinite Article
- 10.3 Definite Article: The Activity 13: Proof Reading
- 11. Tenses
- 11.1 Reference Table
- 11.2 Present Tense
- 11.3 Activity 14: Instruction Manual
- 11.4 Activity 15: Commentary
- 11.5 Past Tense
- 11.6 Activity 16:The Chain List
- 11.7 Activity 17: Transcription
- 11.8 Future Tense
- 11.9 Activity 18: This Week for You
- 11.10 Activity 19: Verb Grand Prix
- 12. Punctuation Forms of Punctuation

UNIT-III: READING COMPREHENSION

Reading – A 7 Step Process

Techniques to enhance students' reading skills

- Types of reading skills
- **Skimming**
- Scanning
- Extensive reading
- Intensive reading
- Three levels of Reading
- Improving your reading speed
- Reading Comprehension Practice Exercises

suppling of course outcomes with frequent outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	
CO1	5	5	5	5	4	5	5	2	4	5	
CO2	5	4	5	4	5	2	4	4	2	5	
CO3	5	5	5	2	5	4	5	5	4	5	
CO4	4	2	4	2	4	5	5	5	5	5	
CO5	4	5	5	5	4	5	5	2	4	5	
CO6	5	4	5	4	5	2	4	4	2	5	

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

General Elective Paper-I INTRODUCTORY PSYCHOLOGY

Course Outcomes

CO 1. 1. Acquaint and enrich students' understanding of major psychological concepts and theoretical perspectives, with an emphasis on applications of psychology in everyday life.

CO 1.2. Help students learn the scientific discipline of psychology; the advantages, limitations and applications of various research methods used in the field of psychology.

CO 1.3. Students will develop crit ical thinking to use scientific techniques for biological psychology and develop and awareness of brain and behaviour inter - relationships.

CO 1.4. Understand the nature of consciousness, sleep - wake cycle, hypnosis, hallucinations, and meditation

CO 1.5. Experimentally determine the R.L. for two - point tactual sensation by applying the method of limits of psychophysics.

CO 1.6. Experimentally determine the D.L. for lifted weights by applying the method of constant stimuli of psychophysics.

UNIT-I: Introducing Psychology

- (iii) Concept and definition of psychology, Roots of psychology, Psychology as a scientific discipline.
- (iv) Key Perspectives in Psychology- Behavioral, Cognitive, Humanistic, Psychodynamic, and Socio-cultural.

UNIT-II: Methods in Psychology

(iii) Natural Observation, Survey and Case Study - Nature, advantages and limitations.

(iv) Experimental and Correlational methods -Nature, advantages and limitations.

UNIT –III<mark>: Biological Bases</mark> of Behavior

- (iii) Structure and functions of the neurons, Communication within and between neurons, Chemical regulation of the endocrine glands.
- (iv) Structure and functions of the Central nervous system and Autonomic nervous system

UNIT-IV: States of Mind

(iii) Nature of consciousness; changes in consciousness- sleep-wake schedules

(iv) Extended states of Consciousness - Hypnosis, Meditation and Hallucinations

Practical:

(iii) **R.L. by Method of Limits:** To find out the R. L. of volar surface of the right arm of a subject by method of limits

(iv) **D.L. by Method** of Constant Stimuli: To find out the D.L. for lifted weight of your subject by method of constant stimuli.

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CO	4	2	2	4	2	2	2	4	2	2
1										
CO	2	2	4	2	2	4	2	4	4	2
2										
СО	2	2	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	2
3										
СО	2	2	4	4	2	2	2	4	2	2
4										
СО	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	2	4
5										
СО	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4
6										

Core Paper VIII PSYCHOPATHOLOGY

CO 8.1. Acquiring knowledge and skills for assessing maladaptive behaviours using various psychometric tools, understand the theoretical perspectives of psychopathological disorders, learn the skills of diagnostic systems from Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders – 5^{th} edition

CO 8.2. Understand the diagnostic criteria, etiological factors, and psychotherapeutic management techniques for treating patients with anxiety and mood disorders in a clinical setting.

CO 8.3. Understand the diagnostic criteria, etiological factors, and psychotherapeutic management techniques for treating patients with personality disorders in a clinical setting.

CO 8.4. Understand the diagnostic criteria, etiological factors, and psychotherapeutic management techniques for treating patients with schizophrenia in a clinical setting.

CO 8.5. Practically assess the levels of anxiety using the Hamilton Anxiety Rating Scale.

CO 8.6. Practically formulate the profile and assess the level of depression using the Beck Depression Inventory.

SEMESTER-IV

UNIT-I: Basics of Pathology

(i) Concept of abnormality; Perspectives of abnormal behavior- Psychodynamic, Behavioral, Cognitive, Humanistic-Existential, and Sociocultural

(ii) Classification of maladaptive behavior-DSM-IV; Assessment techniques-

Diagnostic tests, Rating scales, History taking interview, Projective tests

UNIT- II: Anxiety and Mood disorder

(i) Symptoms, causes and <mark>treatment</mark> of Generalized anxiety disorder, Phobic disorder, Obsessive-Compulsive disorder

(ii) Depressive disorder –Symptoms, causes and treatment of Bipolar affective disorder, andDysthymia

UNIT-III: Personality Disorders

- (i) Paranoid, Schizoid, Dissociative, Impulsive
- (ii) Borderline, Anxious, Avoidance, Dependent personality

UNIT – IV: Schizophrenia and Therapies

- (i) Characteristics, Major subtypes, Causes and treatment of Schizophrenia
- (ii) Psychodynamic, and Cognitive Behaviour therapy.

Practical:

- (i) **Anxiety**: Assessment of Anxiety of a subject by Hamilton Anxiety Rating Scale (HARS)
- (ii) Depression: Assessment of Depression Profile of a subject by Beck's Depression Inventory(BDI)

	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CO	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
1										
CO	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
2										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
3										
CO	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
4										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
6										

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

Core Paper IX EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY

Course Outcomes

CO 9. 1. Acquire knowledge about the historical background, methods of educational psychological research, and various skills and aspects required for effective teaching-learning process.

CO 9. 2. Understand the role of positive learning environment, learn to create positive learning environment and develop the abilities of a good communicator and qualities of an effective teacher.

CO 9.3. Analyse aptitude, interest and creativity as contributing factors to learning. Learn the various types of assessment tools used in measuring aptitude, interest of learners in classroom settings.

CO 9. 4. Gain knowledge about exceptional learners, understand different learning disabilities and develop skills to manage children with disabilities in a

classroom setting.

CO 9.5. Practically assess the academic attitude and behaviour of college students by using Sia's Academic Behaviour Scale.

CO 9.6. Practically assess the academic stress of two higher secondary students using Rao's Academic Stress Scale.

Course Content

Semester – IV

UNIT-I: Foundations of Educational Psychology

- (i) Concepts and principles of educational psychology, The teaching-learning process, Goals of teaching and objectives for learning, transfer of training, reinforcements in learning process
- (ii) Theories of cognitive development-Piaget, Bruner, and Vygotsky.

UNIT- II: Motivation and Classroom Management

- (i) Meaning of motivation, Intrinsic and extrinsic motivation, Approaches to understand classroom motivation, Motivational techniques in classroom teaching
- (ii) The goals of classroom management, Creating a positive learning environment, Characteristics of an effective teacher, Teacher expectation and students' performance

UNIT-III: Creativity and Aptitude

- (i) Nature and characteristics of creativity; Theories of creativity; Fostering creativity among children
- (ii) Nature and characteristics of aptitude; Types of aptitude; Measurement of aptitude;
 Utility of aptitude tests

UNIT –IV: Dealing with ability differences and Testing

- (i) Teaching children with mental retardation, learning disability, social class differences andeducational difficulties, and attention deficit Hyperactive disorder.
- (ii) Types of standardized tests- Achievement test, and aptitude tests, Advantages and limitations of standardized test.

Practical:

- (i) Academic Behaviour: To assess the academic attitude and behavior of college students byusing Sia's Academic Behavior Scale
- (ii) Academic Stress: To assess the academic stress of two higher Secondary students using Rao's Academic Stress Scale.

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 6	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Core Paper-X PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT

Course Outcomes

CO 10.1. Develop an understanding of parameters of assessment, learn the types of scaling, and techniques of developing scales in formulating psychological tools of assessment.

CO 10. 2. In- depth understanding of the principles of test construction and test standardization, learn the classification of psychological tests along with its uses, advantages, limitation, and applications.

CO 10. 3. Extensive knowledge about the assessment tools of intelligence and personality testing, its applications in varied settings.

CO 10.4. Comprehensive understanding of tools of assessment used in classroom settings, learn the techniques of grading and reporting classroom performance, and learn the application of computer assessment in classrooms.

CO 10.5. Practically assess the empathetic behaviour of five college students using the Toronto Empathy Questionnaire by Spreng.

CO 10. 6. Practically assess the sense of humor of four college students using the McGhee's Scale of Sense of Humor.

Course Content

UNIT-I: Introduction

- (i) Nature and Scope of human assessment; Parameters of assessment
- (ii) Psychological scaling, Methods of scaling

UNIT-II: Psychological Tests

(i) **Principles of test construction and standardization**- Item analysis, reliability, validity and

development of norms

(ii) Types of psychological tests- Individual, group, performance, verbal, nonverbal

UNIT -III: Assessment of Ability

(i) Assessment of general abilities- Intelligence, interest, interpersonal interaction

(ii) Assessment of personality- Use of self-report inventories, interview, projective and non-projective tests

UNIT-IV: Classroom Assessment

(i) Classroom as assessment context, Traditional tests, Alternative assessment

(ii) Grading and reporting of performance, Computer and assessment

Practical:

(i) **Empathy:** To assess the empathy behavior of Five college students using Spreng's Empathy questionnaire.

 (ii) Sense of Humor: To assess the Sense of Humor of 4 College Students Using McGhee's Scale of Sense of Humor (MSSH)

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CO	2	4	2	4	4	4	4	4	2	2
1										
CO	2	4	2	4	4	4	4	4	2	2
2										
СО	2	4	4	4	2	4	4	4	2	2
3										
CO	2	4	4	4	2	4	4	4	2	2
4										
СО	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	4	4
5										
СО	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	4	4
6										

Paper Code – SEC II LOGICAL AND MATHEMATICAL REASONING

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Use their logical thinking and analytical abilit ies to solve Quantitative aptitude questions from company specific and other competitive tests.

CO 2. Solve questions related to Time and distance and time and work etc. from company specific and other competitive tests.

CO 3. Understand solve puzzle related questions from specific and other competitive tests.

CO 4. Solve questions related to permutation & combinations and probabilities from company specific and other competitive tests.

CO 5. Detect errors of grammar and usage in a given sentence/text and rectify them by making appropriate changes.

CO 6. Solve questions based on critical reasoning.

CO 7. Analyze reading passages and quickly find out the correct responses to questions asked by using reading skills like skimming, scanning, reading between the lines, etc.

CO 8. To use idiomatic expressions in writing and speaking and to solve questions based on them.

Course Content

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE

I. Quantitative Aptitude & Data Interpretation

- Unit 1: Whole numbers, Integers, Rational and irrational numbers, Fractions, Square roots and Cube roots, Surds and Indices, Problems on Numbers, Divisibility, Steps of Long Division Method for Finding Square Roots.
- **Unit -2:** Basic concepts, Different formulae of Percentage, Profit and Loss, Discount, Simple interest, Ratio and Proportion, Mixture.
- **Unit- 3:** Time and Work, Pipes and Cisterns, Basic concepts of Time, Distance and Speed; relationship among them.
- Unit 4: Concept of Angles, Different Polygons like triangles, rectangle, square, right-angled triangle, Pythagorean Theorem, Perimeter and Area of Triangles, Rectangles, Circles.

• **Unit – 5:** Raw and Grouped Data, Bar Graphs, Pie charts, Mean, Median and Mode, Events and Sample Space, Probability.

II. Logical Reasoning

- Unit 1: Analogy basing on kinds of relationships, Simple Analogy; Pattern and Series of Numbers, Letters, Figures. Coding-Decoding of Numbers, Letters, Symbols (Figures), Blood relations.
- **Unit 2:** Logical Statements Two premise argument, more than two premise argument using connectives.
- **Unit -3:** Venn Diagrams, Mirror Images, Problems on Cubes and Dices.

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

CO/P O	PO 1	PO 2	PO3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0
C01	5	5	5	5	4	5	5	2	4	5
CO2	5	4	5	4	5	2	4	4	2	5
CO3	5	5	5	2	5	4	5	5	4	5
CO4	4	2	4	2	4	5	5	5	5	5
CO5	4	5	5	5	4	5	5	2	4	5
CO6	5	4	5	4	5	2	4	4	2	5
CO 7	4	5	4	4	2	2	4	4	5	5
CO 8	4	4	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	5

Generic Elective Paper II BASIC DEVELOPMENTAL PROCESSES

Course Outcomes

CO 2.1. Understand the foundational principles and theories of human development and apply them to examine and evaluate the bio-psychosocial bases of human behaviour throughout the lifespan.

CO 2.2. Investigate, apply, and analyse the formulation of change that occurs through physical, cognitive, and socio-emotional factors as people evolve from conception to birth.

CO 2.3. Develop an understanding into issues related to culture, gender, sexual identity, environmental and genetic factors that pertain to physical and psychological development.

CO 2.4. Students learn to envision issues of self and identity from different points of view, within different disciplinary frameworks, and through different theoretical conceptions.

CO 2.5. Practically assess the locus of control of four college students by applying the Rotter's Locus of Control Scale.

CO 2.6. Practically measure the emotional intelligence of four college students by applying the Schutte's Emotional Intelligence Scale.

Course Content

UNIT-I: Basics of Development

- (i) Meaning, nature, and types of development; Principles of development; Factors influencingdevelopment
- (ii) Perspectives of development- Psychoanalytic; Mechanistic; Organismic; Humanistic

UNIT-II: Life in formation

- (iii) Fertilization, determination of sex, multiple birth; Prenatal developmentgerminal stage, embryonic stage, fetal stage; Factors influencing prenatal development. Impact of perinatal processes on development
- (iv) Physical and motor developments, Social and emotional developments during childhood

UNIT-III: Life in preparation

- (iii) Physical and motor developments, Social and emotional developments during adolescence.
- (iv) Piaget's stage of cognitive development; Kohlberg's stages of moral development

Unit- IV: Self and identity

(iii) Emergence of self; Structure of the self; Development of personal identity(iv) Development of self-control; Development of gender differences and gender

roles

Practical:

(iii) Locus of Control: To assess the Locus of Control of four college students by using Rotter's Locus of Control Scale.

(iv) **Emotional Intelligence**: To measure the emotional intelligence of four college students by using the Schutte's Emotional Intelligence Scale.

	PO 1	PO 2	РО 3	PO 4	РО 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO 2	2	4	4	4	2	2	2	4	4	4
CO 3	2	2	4	2	2	4	2	4	2	2
CO 4	2	4	2	2	2	4	2	4	4	2
CO 5	4	4	2	2	2	4	4	4	2	4
CO 6	2	4	2	2	4	4	2	4	2	4

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

Core Paper XI ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR

Course Outcomes

CO 11.1. Understand the different concepts, historical accounts, and perspectives of organizational behaviour.

CO 11.2. Understand the structure, functions, roles of organizations; learn the processes of group decision-making and leadership functions in organizations.

CO 11.3. Understand the theories of work motivation and related issues of power and politics in the organizational setup; learn the effective managerial intervention methods to motivate employees.

CO 11.4. Help students demonstrate professional skills in the evaluation, management, and development of human resources in the organization.

CO 11.5. Practically measure the basic leadership style of four college students using the Greenberg's scale of Basic Leadership Style.

CO 11.6. Practically measure the conflict-handling style of four college students using the Rahim's scale of Conflict-Handling Style.

Course Content

UNIT I: Historical context of organizational behavior

- (i) Contributions of Taylor, Weber and Fayoll; Challenges, Scope and opportunities for OB
- (ii) OB perspectives-Open system approach, Human relations perspective, Socio-

technicalapproach, OB model responsive to Indian realities

UNIT-II: Organization System

- (i) Structure and functions of organization, Common organizational designs, Management roles, functions and skills
- (ii) Group decision making processes in organizations, Organizational leadership and types of leadership in organizations

UNIT- III: Work, Power and Politics

- (i) Contemporary theories of work motivation- ERG theory, McClelland's theory of needs, Cognitive evaluation theory, Goal-setting theory, Reinforcement theory
- (ii)Defining power in organization, Bases of power, Power tactics, Nature of organizational politics, Impression management, and defensive behavior

UNIT -IV: Human resource development and Evaluation

- (i) Human Skills and Abilities, Selection Practices for Optimal Use of Human Resources; Training Programs for the Development of Human Resources
- (ii) Performance Evaluation- Purpose, Methods, Potential Problems and methods to overcome them

Practical:

- (i) **Leadership Style**: To measure his basic leadership style of 4 college students by using Greenberg Basic Leadership Style scale
- (ii) **Conflict-Handling:** To measure the conflict-handling style of 4 college students by using Rahim's scale to identify their conflict handling style.

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	РО 4	РО 5	PO 6	РО 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 6	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Core Paper XII HEALTH PSYCHOLOGY

Course Outcomes

CO 12.1. Understand the concepts and scope of health psychology, learn the bio-psychosocial model of health and illness, demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of stress and coping, and practice the skills in administering relaxation techniques.

CO 12.2. Understand the significance of behavioural and psychological correlates of health and illness, demonstrate an understanding of the models of health

CO 12.3. Identify and analyse the methods of symptom perception, compliance behaviour, coping with the crises of illness; and demonstrate an application of health promoting and enhancing behaviour

CO 12.4. Extensive analysis of health issues among children, women, and elderly.

CO 12.5. Practically assess the sleep quality of four college students by applying Pittsburgh's Sleep Quality Index (PSQI)

CO 12.6. Practically asses the coping strategies of four college students by applying Tobin's Coping Strategy Inventory (TCSI)

Course Content

UNIT-I: Introduction

- (i) Goals of Health Psychology, , Biopsychosocial model of health and illness
- (ii) Basic nature of stress, Cognitive appraisal of stressors, Some major causes of stress, Management of stress

UNIT- II: Health and Illness

- (i) Behavioral and psychological correlates of illness, Approaches to promoting wellness, Some common health beliefs and their implications
- (ii) Models of health- The cognition models- The health belief model, The protection motivation model, Leventhal's self-regulatory model.

UNIT –III: Health and Coping

- (i) Individual differences in symptom perception, Coping with the crises of illness;
 Compliance behavior and improving compliance.
- (ii) Health enhancing behavior- Diet management, Yoga and Exercise

UNIT- IV: Health Issues

- (i) Children health issues- Malnutrition, Immunization, Autism, ADHD
- (ii) Health issues of women and elderly: Diabetes, Osteoporosis, Alzheimer's Disease, Depression

Practical: (i) Sleep Quality: To assess the Sleep quality of 4 college students The Pittsburgh Sleep Quality Index (PSQI) (ii) Coping Strategies: To assess of the Coping Strategies of 4 college students by Tobin's Coping Strategy Inventory (TCSI)

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	РО 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	2	2	2
CO 2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	2	4	4
CO 3	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	2	4	4
CO 4	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	2	4	4
CO 5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 6	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

Discipline Specific Elective Paper-I PSYCHOLOGICAL RESEARCH AND MEASUREMENT

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Demonstrate an understanding of the scientific methods, types of psychological research, and sampling techniques; applying this knowledge to conduct quantitative research

CO 2. Demonstrate the purpose and methods of psychological scaling; explain the concept of test construction

CO 3. Explain the types of pre and post-test, factorial, and randomized block design applied in research; demonstrate the process of standardization of tests using reliability, validity, norms

CO 4. Explain the techniques of assessment of personality using projective and psychometric

tools, and principles and procedures of interviewing

CO 5. Study the personality dynamics of an individual by administering the Thematic Apperception Test

CO 6. Practically administer the Jung/Kent-Rosan off list of Word Association Test on a participant and present a psychological report on the areas of emotional difficulties

Course Content

UNIT-I: Psychological Research

- (i) Assumptions of science, Characteristics of scientific methods, Psychological research:
 Correlational and experimental
- (ii) Sampling frame: probability and non-probability samples, sample size, sampling error

UNIT- II: Psychological Scaling and Construction of test

- (i) Purpose of scaling and types of psychological data, Psychological scaling methods: Familiarity with Thurstone, Likert and Guttman scale
- (ii) Construction of test: Theory of measurement error; Operationalizing a concept, Generating items, Item analysis, Item response theory

UNIT –III:

- (i) Experimental Designs: Pretest- post-test design, Factorial designs, Randomized Block design
- (ii) Standardization of tests: Reliability and validity of tests, Development of norms and interpreting test scores

UNIT-IV:

- (i) Assessment of Personality: Psychometric and projective techniques, Familiarity with MMPI, Rorschach, WAT, and TAT
- (ii) Interviewing: Principles and procedures of interviewing, gaining cooperation, motivating respondents, training of interviewers, ethics of interviewing

Practical:

- (i) TAT: To administer the TAT on a subject and give summary report
- (ii) Word Association test: To administer the Jung / Kent-Rosanoff list of WAT on a subject and report on his areas of emotional difficulties

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4
CO 2	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4
CO 3	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4
CO 4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4
CO 5	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	4	4	4
CO 6	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	4	4	4

Discipline Specific Elective Paper-II PSYCHOLOGY AND SOCIAL ISSUES

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Understand the structure and characteristics of the social systems in India through family, caste, class, power, religion; and the theories of poverty, sources of deprivation, inequality, and social justice

CO 2. Demonstrate an understanding of the role of behaviour in health and illness, prevention techniques, health scenario in India; development of politics using ideologies, small groups; issues of quality of life, human and social development

CO 3. Understand the psychology of corruption, bribery, juvenile delinquency, terrorism, criminal behaviour, alcoholism, and psychopaths

CO 4. Explain the concepts of social integration and categories of violence, and apply the intervention techniques to handle conflicts, prejudices, achieve social integration,

CO 5. Practically assess the quality of life of four families using the Beach Centre Family Quality of Life Scale

CO 6. Practically assess the community integration of a village by using Barry Willer's Community Integrity Questionnaire

Course Content

UNIT-I: Understanding Social Systems

(i) Indian Family System; Social stratification; caste, class, power, Religious ethics

(ii) Poverty and Deprivation: Theories of poverty, Concomitants of poverty, Sources of deprivation, inequality and social justice.

UNIT-II

(i) Health and wellbeing: Role of behaviour in health problems, Behavioural sciences in disease prevention and control, India's health scenario

(ii) Political Behaviour: Development of ideology, Use of small groups in politics, Issues of human and social development, Quality of life and development

UNIT –III: Antisocial Behaviour

(i) Corruption and bribery, Juvenile delinquency, terrorism,

(ii) Crime and criminal behaviour, Alcoholism and drug abuse, Psychopath

UNIT-IV

(i) Social integration: The concept of social integration; Causal factors of social conflicts and prejudices;
Psychological strategies for handling the conflicts and prejudices; Measures to achieve social integration.
(ii)Violence: Nature and categories of violence, violence in family and marriage, rape, Collective violence for social change

Practical:

i) Quality of Life: To assess the quality-of-life family of 4 families using Beach Centre Family Quality of Life Scale

ii) Community Integration: To assess the community integration of a village by using Community integration questionnaire (CIQ) of Barry Willer

	РО	PO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
1										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
2										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
3										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
4										
CO	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
6										

- Note related: 1
- From What Related: 2
- Nutral: 3
- Moderately Related: 4
- Highly Related: 5

Core Paper XIII COUNSELING PSYCHOLOGY

Course Outcomes

CO 13.1. Understand the concept, scope, purpose of counselling psychology in India; explain the characteristics of a good counsellor; learn the ethics, values, process, education and training methods of counsellors

CO 13.2. Understand the techniques and applications of psychodynamic and cognitive approaches to counselling along with the Indian contribution of yoga and meditation in the field of counselling psychology

CO 13.3. Demonstrate the procedures of working in a counselling relationship; learn the emphases, roles, and activities of school and college counsellors

CO 13.4. Explain the process and techniques of family and marriage counselling; alcohol and drug abuse counselling; counselling persons with suicidal tendencies and victims of harassment and violence.

CO 13.5. Practically assess the marital relationship of two couples applying the Lerner's Couple Adjustment Scale

CO 13.6. Practically demonstrate four case studies of high school students with problem behaviours in a case record format

Course Content

UNIT-I: Basics of Counseling

- (i) Meaning, scope and purpose of counseling with special reference to India; The counseling process, counseling relationship, counseling interview
- (ii) Characteristics of a good counselor, Ethics and values in counseling; Education and training of the counselor

UNIT -II: Theories and Techniques of Counseling

- (i) Psychodynamic approach Freud and Neo Freudians; Humanistic approach Existential and Client-Centred
- (ii) Cognitive approach Rational-emotive and transaction analysis; Behavioral approach Behavior modification; Indian contribution yoga and meditation

UNIT-III: Counseling Programs

- (i) Working in a counseling relationship, transference and counter transference, termination of counseling relationship, Factors influencing counseling
- (ii) Student counseling, Emphases, roles and activities of the school, and college counselor.

UNIT – IV: Counseling application

(i) Family and Marriage Counseling, Family life and family cycle, Models and methods of

family counseling

(ii) Alcohol and drug abuse counseling; Counseling the persons with Suicidal tendencies, and Victims of Harassment and Violence

Practical:

- (i) Marital Relationship To assess the marital relationship of 2 couples using Lerner's Couple adjustment scale
- (ii) Case Reporting: To complete four case studies of high school students with problem behavior in the appropriate case record proforma

	РО									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CO	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
1										
CO	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
2										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
3										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
4										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
6										

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

Core Paper XIV POSITIVE PSYCHOLOGY

Course Outcomes

CO 14.1. Demonstrate an understanding of the history and scope of positive psychology and its cross-cultural perspectives; extensive knowledge of the contributions of the pioneers of positive psychology.

CO 14.2. Understand the concepts of flow and happiness; study the related theories and models explaining happiness behaviour and its consequences; develop the skill to apply the strength-based approach of flow and happiness in psychotherapeutic interventions.

CO 14.3. Develop the skills to understand learn the application skill of attaining and promoting psychological well-being, altruism, hope, resilience, positive thinking, character strengths.

CO 14.4. Comprehensive knowledge and skills of increasing optimism, discovering strength, practising mindfulness, building healthy relationships, practising yoga, meditation and

developing spiritual intelligence applied in psychotherapeutic interventions.

CO 14.5. Practically measure the happiness of four adults using the Oxford Happiness Questionnaire.

CO 14.6. Practically measure the spiritual intelligence of four adults using the King's Spiritual Intelligence Test.

Course Content

UNIT-I: Foundations

- (i) Historical roots and goals of positive psychology, Positive emotions, Positive Individual traits, and positive subjective experience
- (ii) Contribution of Martin Seligman, Albert Bandura, Carol Dweck and Abraham Maslow to positive psychology

UNIT- II: Flow and Happiness

- (i) Components of flow, Conditions and mechanisms of flow, Positive and negative consequences of flow experience
- (ii) Meaning and nature of happiness, Sources of happiness, Theories of happiness- Set-point theory, Life satisfaction and Affective state theories.

UNIT -III: Precursors to Positive Psychology

- (i) Character strength, Altruism, Hope and Optimism, Positive thinking, Resilience
- (ii) Psychology of well-being: Meaning of well-being, The well-being models, Factors affecting well-being, Promoting well-being among people

UNIT- IV: Ways to Positive Psychology

- (i) Discovering strength, Increasing optimism, Self-direction, Purpose, gratitude, Mindfulness, and Activities and experience
- (ii) Effects of exercise, Yoga, meditation and spiritual intelligence on development of positive psychology; Positive psychology in building relationship

Practical:

- (i) Happiness: To measure the happiness of 4 adults using Oxford Happiness questionnaire
- (ii) Spiritual Intelligence: To measure the spiritual intelligence of 4 adults using King's Spiritual Intelligence test.

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	РО 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Mapping	of	Course	Outcomes	with	Program	Outcomes
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2										
CO	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
3										
CO	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
4										
CO	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5										
CO	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
6										

Discipline Specific Elective Paper-III PSYCHOLOGY OF DISABILITY

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Demonstrate an understanding of concept, types, assessment, and diagnostic criteria of disabilities; in-dept knowledge on the disability policy of India, rehabilitation council of India, national trust, Equal opportunities bill and its application in the profession of clinical and rehabilitation psychologist

CO 2. Explain the theoretical models of disability, its advantages, limitations, and applications in dealing with persons with disability

CO 3. Understand the social and familial support structures of disability, the belief and attitudes towards disability; the psychological, educational, and employment issues faced by disabled persons

CO 4. Demonstrate an understanding and application of the techniques of psychotherapeutic and rehabilitative intervention plans for disabled persons; and critically analyse the contemporary debates around euthanasia and prenatal selection

CO 5. Practically assess the attitude of eight college students, including two boys and two girls, towards disability by applying the Attitude towards Disabled Persons Scale developed by Yuker, Block & Young

CO 6 Practically assess the knowledge and awareness of four college students about the state of affairs of disability in India using multiple choice questionnaire

UNIT I

- (i) Conceptualizing Disability: Meaning and Definition, Types of disability, Assessment and Diagnosis
- (ii) Understanding Disability Policy in India: Equal opportunities Bill, Rehabilitation Council of India, National Trust

UNIT-II

- (i) Theorizing Disability: Charity Model: Welfare Model; Medical Model
- (ii) Social Model: culture as disability; Empowerment Model

UNIT-III

- (i) Disability support: Beliefs and attitudes towards disability; Family, care, and support structure
- (ii) Issues of Access: Built and Psychological; Education and Employment, learning disability

UNIT -IV

- (i) Designing Interventions: Psychotherapeutic approaches; Rehabilitation
- (ii) Contemporary Debates: euthanasia, prenatal selection

Practical:

- (i) To assess the attitude of 8 college students by using 'Attitude towards Disabled Persons Scale" (Yuker et al., 1998).
- (ii) To assess the knowledge of 4 college students about Disability Policy in India using a Questionnaire.

	РО									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CO	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
1										
CO	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
2										
CO	2	4	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3										
CO	2	4	4	2	2	2	2	4	2	4
4										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5										
СО	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
6										

Discipline Specific Elective Paper-IV DISSERTATION / RESEARCH PROJECT

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Independently prepare a research design to carry out a research project

CO 2. Review the related research papers and discover a research problem for the study, and formulate the hypothesis

CO 3. Understand and apply the process of administration, scoring, and interpretation of the instrument to be used to measure the variables under study

CO 4. Learn and apply the use of statistical techniques for interpretation of data

CO 5. Learn the APA style of reporting a research study

CO 6. Prepare the report as per the guidelines of APA

Course Content

Unit I

• A student is required to carry out a project on an issue of interest to him / her under the guidance and supervision of a teacher. In order to do so s/he must have the knowledge in research methodology and of steps in planning and conducting research. The supervisors may help the students to go on field study / study tour relevant to their work. Thirty hours of class may be arranged in the routine to help students understand research methodology, and planning, conduction and reporting on the research. An external examiner with the supervisor as the internal examiner will evaluate the research project on the basis of scientific methodology in writing the report, and presentation skill and performance in the viva.

Format

(i) Abstract – 150 words including problem, method and results.

(ii) Introduction – Theoretical considerations leading to the logic and rationale for the present research

(iii)Review- Explaining current knowledge including substantive findings and theoretical and methodological contributions to the topic, objectives and hypotheses of the present research

(iv) Method – Design, Sample, Measures, Procedure

(v) Results- Quantitative analysis of group data (Raw data should not be attached in Appendix)
 Graphical representation of data wherever required.
 Qualitative analysis wherever done should indicate the method of qualitative analysis.

(vi) Discussion

(vii) Reference APA Style and Appendix

Note: Project should be in Soft binding. It should be typed in Times New Roman 14 letter size with 1.5 spacing on one sides of the paper. Total text should not exceed 50 pages (References & Appendices extra). Two copies of the project should be submitted to the College.

Reference - American Psychological Association (APA) – Publication Manual 2006 to be followed for project writing

Mark distribution for dissertation / Research project												
Identification of problem	Review of Literature	Methodology	Analysis	Findings	Viva-voce	Tota						
10	10	10	25	20	25	100						

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 6	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

DSE Paper-IV /Alternative to dissertation PSYCHOLOGY OF CRIME

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Gain knowledge about the basics of criminology and become familiar with the psychosocial factors leads to criminal behaviour

CO 2. Explain the theories of criminal behaviour and learn its application in the field of psychology

CO 3. Demonstrate an understanding of the crime prevention and control models used in the field of criminal psychology

CO 4. Learn the application of psychological interventions while dealing with the victims of rape and sexual assault, domestic violence, bullying, school and workplace violence, and terrorism

CO 5. Practically administer the Guilt Quotient scale developed by Chattopadhayay

CO 6. Practically asses the attitude towards domestic violence using the Domestic Violence Scale developed by Michael

Course Content

UNIT-I: Introduction to crime

- (i) Definition, meaning, and nature of criminal behavior; Factors of criminal behavior: Antisocial values; Peer influence; Antisocial personality; Dysfunctional family; Substance abuse
- (ii) Major types of crimes: Homicide; Robbery, Sexual offences; Cybercrimes.

UNIT- II: Theories of Criminal Behavior

- (i) Social disorganization theory; Rational choice theory; Strain theory
- (ii) Social learning theory; Social control theory, Labeling theory; Genetic theory

UNIT -III: Crime prevention and Control

- (i) Crime prevention models: Primary prevention, Secondary prevention; Tertiary prevention
- (ii) Crime control: Crime control model and Due process model

UNIT – IV: Special Victims

- (i) Rape and sexual assault; Domestic violence; Bullying and school violence
- (ii) Workplace violence, Victims of terrorism

Practical:

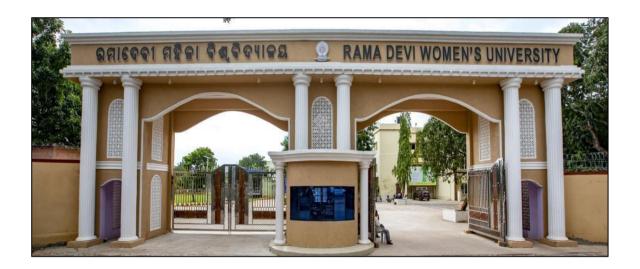
- (i) Guilt quotient: Test your subject's Guilt Quotient Using Chattopadhyay's "What is your guilt quotient?" scale.
- (ii) **Domestic Violence:** Using the "Domestic Violence Scale (Michale, 2008)" assess your subject's attitude towards domestic violence.

	PO	РО								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CO 1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO 6	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

- Note related: 1
- From What Related: 2
- Nutral: 3
- Moderately Related: 4
- Highly Related: 5

DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY SYLLABUS OF PG PROGRAMME(M.A.)





RAMA DEVI WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

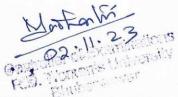
Vidya Vihar, Bhubaneswar-751022, Odisha Website: <u>https://rdwu.ac.in</u> 2023 AB

Department of Psychology

Syllabus for PG in Psychology

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DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY

RAMADEVI WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY, BHUBANESWAR

DETAILED OUTLINE OF THE SYLLABUS

Rama Devi Women"s University M.A. Psychology With Effect from 2022-23 Academic Session

SEMESTER I							
Course Component	Tittle of thePaper	Credits	Mid Sem	End Sem	Total		
Hard Core-101	Advanced General Psychology	5	30	70	100		
Hard Core-102	Physiological Psychology	5	30	70	100		
Hard Core-103	Lifespan Developmental Psychology	5	30	70	100		
Hard Core-104	Practical	5	30	70	100		
Allied Core-101 Computer Applica Course		3	Mid-Sem 10 + Practical 10=20 marks	30	50		
	Total	23	135	315	450		
	SEM	IESTER II					
Course Component	Tittle of the Paper	Credits	Mid Sem	End Sem	Total		
Hard Core-201	Research Methodology	5	30	70	100		
Hard Core-202	Cognitive Psychology	5	30	70	100		
Hard Core-203	Applied Social Psychology	5	30	70	100		
Hard Core-204	Practical	5	30	70	100		
Core Elective- 201	Applied Psychology	5	30	70	100		
(Special Paper)	Psychopathology	5	30	70	100		
Open Elective- 201 Psychology of Individual and Social Issues		4		50	50		
	Total	29	150	400	550		

History & Moster of men

	SE	EMESTER III			
Course Component	Tittle of the Paper	Credits	Mid Sem	End Sem	Total
Hard Core-301	Statistics	5	30	70	100
Hard Core-302	Health Psychology	5	30	70	100
Hard Core-303	Practical	5	30	70	100
Core Elective – 301	School Counseling Guidance &	5	30	70	100
(Special Paper)	Counseling				
Core Elective – 302	Theoretical System in Psychology	5	30	70	100
(Special Paper)	Applied Social Psychology-II				
FI-201	Field Internship	3		50	50
Το	tal	28	150	400	550
	SE	EMESTER IV			
Course Component	Tittle of the Paper	Credits	Mid Sem	End Sem	Total
Hard Core-401	Social Psychology	5	30	70	100
Hard Core-402	Practical	5	30	70	100
Hard Core-403	Dissertation	5	30	70	100
Core Elective-401	Positive Psychology	5	30	70	100
(Special Paper)	Counseling Psychology				
Allied Core-401	Women & Society	3	15	35	50
Tot	tal	23	105	345	450

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

The learning outcomes that a student should be able to demonstrate on completion of a degree level program are as follows:

PO 1. Cultivating a scientific perspective to understand the complexities of human behaviour and experiences at individual and group levels.

PO 2. Providing students with the opportunities for work experience in organizations dealing with psychopathological disorders and disadvantaged conditions.

PO 3. Developing basic professional skills pertaining to psychological testing, assessment, and counselling techniques.

PO 4. Developing the ability to use skills in specific areas related to chosen specialization such as cognitive, organizational, clinical, counselling, health, educational, social, community settings

PO 5. Developing computer literacy, including the ability to use various e-resources, technology, and statistical software usages.

PO 6. Acquiring a range of analytical and field-based skills on gender perspectives and apply in the professional field of women studies.

PO 7. Cultivating an ethical mindset, including a strong work ethic, avoiding unethical behaviours such as data fabrication and plagiarism, being mindful of implications of research using human participants.

PO 8. Developing skills of communication, negotiation, team work, effective presentation, group discussions.

PO 9. Developing basic professional skills such as data analysis, psychological testing and measurement, observation, technological application to conceptual growth.

PO 10. Enabling the students to use advanced range of generic skills that are helpful in social and community activities.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

PSO 1. To provide an opportunity to expand the knowledge base to the world of practice with a view to promote healthy interface between academic and society.

PSO 2. To identify the social and cultural influences on human behaviour and demonstrate the skill to use psychological tools and tests to examine the variations in human behaviour in clinical, organizational, and educational settings.

PSO 3. Identify, classify and diagnose different psychological disorders; examine and apply the different treatment programs for various psychological disorders so that students can opt for professional career choices in clinical and other applied branches of psychology.

PSO 4. To develop a multi-disciplinary approach in understanding behaviour from the perspectives of psychology and develop skills that would foster professional and vocational career choices in the near future.

Mapping Colours						
SKILLS						
EMPLOYABILITY						
ENTERPRENURESHIP						

Mapping Colours

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Demonstrate an understanding of the functions and theories of attention and perception and learn its application in the area of psychological assessment

CO 2. Gain knowledge of the important processes, types and principles of learning and the application of the theories of classical and operant conditioning, observational and social learning in behaviour therapy

CO 3. Learn the types, stages, and models of memory and forgetting; apply these theoretical principles in the assessment and intervention of memory-related dysfunctions

CO 4. Develop an insight into the nature, theories, and stages of language development; understand the types, process, and barriers to communication; apply these concepts in the formulation and analysis of speech dysfunctions and achieving effective communication in classroom and counselling settings

CO 5. Comprehend the theories and measurement of intelligence, emotional and artificial intelligence; learn the application of measurement of intelligence in therapeutic assessment of children and adults

Unit-I	Attention and Perception- Functions of attention: Signal detection, Selective attention, Divided attention, and Search; Theories of attention: Filter theory, Attenuation theory, and Late selection theory; <i>Perception-</i> Perceptual constancy, Depth perception, Subliminal perception; Theories of perception: Bottom up and Top down processes, Template theories, Prototype theories, Feature theories.
Unit- II	Learning – Classical conditioning, Operant conditioning, Cognitive learning, Social Learning, Social constructivism, Brain-Based Learning; Optimizing learning: Programmed learning, Transfer of learning, Role of reward and punishment in learning
Unit- III	<i>Memory and Forgetting-</i> Processing of memory: Short-term memory, Long-term memory; Types of long-term memory; Stages of memory: Encoding, Storage, Retrieval; Models of memory: Atkinson-Shiffrin, Levels of processing model, Parallel Distributed Processing; Nature and theories of forgetting
Unit-IV	<i>Language and Communication-</i> Properties of language; Language acquisition: Behaviourist theory, Nativist theory, Interactionist theory, Language in social context; Communication process: context, sender, message, medium, and recipient; Types of communication: verbal, nonverbal, symbolic and meta-communication; Psychological barriers to communication
Unit -V	<i>Intelligence-</i> Definition, Theories of intelligence: Spearman, Thurstone, Gardner, and Stenberg; Measurement of intelligence; Emotional intelligence: Definition and its components; Artificial intelligence: Definition and its application

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1
CO 2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO 3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO 4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
CO 5	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	1
1 -	Low Corr	elation	2	– Moderat	te Correla	tion	3 -	- High Co	rrelation	

Hard Core 102: Physiological Psychology

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Demonstrate an understanding of the structure functions and types of neurons, process of generation and degeneration of neurons, types and functions of neurotransmitters; and learn its application to the field of neuropsychological assessment

CO 2. Identify the working of, structure and functions of autonomic and somatic nervous system, spinal cord, hindbrain and midbrain; and learn its application to the field of neurocognitive assessment

CO 3. Understand the working of, structure and functions of fore brain; and learn its application to the field of neurocognitive assessment

CO 4. Develop an insight into the principles of hormonal actions, hormonal influence on growth and activity; the structure and functions of endocrine glands and the hormones secreted; and learn the application of hormonal behavioural influence on the interventions of disorders due to hormonal imbalance

CO 5. Explain the physiological bases of sleep, arousal, activity, emotional motivational and sexual behaviour; learn the mechanisms of neural bases to apply in the management of sleep emotional motivational and sexual dysfunctions

Unit I	Neuron: Structure and functions of neuron, Types of neuron, Communication within and between neurons; generation and degeneration of neuron, Types and functions of neurotransmitters
Unit- II	Nervous system: Somatic and autonomic nervous system- structures and functions; Spinal cord- structure and functions; Hind brain and Midbrain- structures and functions
Unit-	Fore Brain: Thalamus, Hypothalamus, Limbic system, Basal ganglia, and Cerebral
III	cortex; Cerebral localization, Neuroplasticity, and Neurogenesis, Split brain phenomenon

Unit- IV	Hormonal action: General principles of hormonal actions, Hormonal influence on growth and activity, Endocrine glands and its specific hormones, Hormones and behaviour.
Unit-	Brain and Behavior: Physiological bases of - Sleep, arousal and activity, Emotional
V	behaviour, Motivational behaviour, and Sexual behaviour

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 4	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 5	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1
	1 - Low C	orrelation		2 - Mod	erate Cor	relation		3 – High Correlation		

Hard Core 103: Lifespan Developmental Psychology

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Explain the phases and perspectives of life-span development; learn the different research methods used in the field of developmental psychology

CO 2. Explain the theories and models of psychological principles to developmental processes; learn the application of the theories to cross-cultural analysis and interventions in developmental research

CO 3. Understand the stages during prenatal infancy and childhood, learn the areas of physical cognitive psychosocial physiological and its impact on the course of development; apply the concepts to the psychotherapeutic management.

CO 4. Understand the domains of the period of adolescence, adulthood and its challenges in the course of life; learn its applications for the management of crisis in midlife, gender roles and differences, self and identity, sexuality

CO 5. Understand the various challenges, theories of old age, and demonstrate the ability to deal with the crises and health risks faced during old age

Unit I	Nature of development: Definition, broad realms, role of maturation and learning, phases
	of development, life-span perspective on human development, Research methods:
	Observation, Longitudinal, Cross-sectional, Sequential, Experimental,
	Correlational, Case study, Self-report measures.

Unit- II	Basic issues and Theories: Role of Nature and Nurture, Activity and Passivity, Continuity and Discontinuity, Universality and Particularity, Theories: Psychoanalytic, Operant Conditioning, Cognitive Social Learning, Piaget"s Cognitive Development, Vygotsky"s Socio-cultural perspective, Erikson"s theory, Bronfenbrenner"s Ecological Approach to Development, Organismic Model, Mechanistic Model, Contextual Model.
Unit-	Pre-natal Development, Infancy and Childhood: Stages of Prenatal Development,
III	Mother"s age, Emotional State and Nutrition, Teratogens; Endocrine and Nervous System,
	Infant: Body, Physical growth, Brain, Physical behaviour, Cognitive and Psycho-social
	development; Child: Body, Brain and Physical behaviour, Cognitive and Psycho-social
	development, Moral Development.
Unit-	Adolescence and Adulthood: Adolescence- Period of transition from childhood to
IV	adulthood, Body: Physical and Sexual maturation, Brain, Physical behaviour, Cognitive
	and Psycho-social development, Problems, Moral Development; Adult: Body,
	Reproductive system, Physical behaviour, Cognitive and Psycho-social development,
	Moral Development, Gender Role, Sexuality, Midlife crisis.
Unit-	Old age: Ageing, Physical changes, Cognitive decline, Disease, Disuse and abuse,
V	Theories of ageing: Programmed theory and Damage theory, Death, Kubler-Ross theory
	on dying, Bereavement, Bowlby"s theory on bereavement Optimizing Healthy life:
	Nutrition, Exercise, Avoiding known health risks.

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1
CO 2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	1	1	1
CO 3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	1
CO 4	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	1
CO 5	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1
	1 – Low	Correlatio	n	2 – Moderate Correlation				3 – High	Correlati	on

Hard Core 104: Practical

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Practically determine the effect of extraneous and irrelevant stimuli on the work efficiency of students

CO 2. Practically assess the level of intelligence of two college students using the Raven's Standard Progressive Matrices to analyse their IQ

CO 3. Assess the creativity of four class VIII students by using the Teachers" Rating of Children"s Creativity Scale and comment on their traits of creativity

CO 4. Practically assess the level of adaptation and coping strategies of four college students using a standard adaptation questionnaire and coping checklist

CO 5. Practically assess and examine the gender difference in the locus of control of four college students, two boys and two girls

CO 6. Assess the gender difference in attitude towards women among adolescents using the short version of attitude towards women scale developed by Spence, Helm Reich and Stapp

CO 7. Identify the critical words of the participant using Jung"s Word Association Test form and analyse the clusters of complexes

CO 8. Approximately estimate the IQs of four children in the age group of 10 to 14 years using the coding subtest in the performance scale of the Weschler Intelligence Scale of Children-Revised

Course Content

	Note: Students are required to conduct all EIGHT of the following practical and maintain a practical record.				
Practical- 1	Distraction of attention: To determine the effect of extraneous and irrelevant stimuli on the work efficiency				
Practical- 2	Raven's Standard Progressive Matrices: To assess the level of intelligence of two college students using RPM and to analyse their intellectual status.				
Practical- 3	Assessment of creativity: To assess the creativity of four class VIII students by using the "Teacher"s Rating of Children"s Creativity Scale" and comment on their creativity traits				
Practical- 4	Adaptive and coping skills: To assess the level of adaptation and coping strategies of four college students using a standard adaptation questionnaire and coping check list.				
Practical- 5	Locus Of Control : To assess the locus of control of four college students including two boys and two girls to examine gender difference in locus of control.				
Practical- 6	Attitude towards Women: To assess gender difference in attitude towards women among adolescents using the short version of Spence, Helmirch and Stapp Scale.				
Practical- 7	Word Association Test : To identify the critical words of the Subject using Jung"s word Association Test form (R) and analyze on his / her clusters of complex.				
Practical- 8	Wechsler Intelligence Scale for Children Revised (WISC R): To approximately estimate the IQs of 4 children in age group of 10 to 14 years using the Coding Subtest in the Performance Scale of the WISC-R.				

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 4	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 5	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2

CO 7 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 CO 8 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2	CO 6	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 8 2 2 2 2 1 1 2	CO 7	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
	CO 8	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2

1 - Low Correlation

2 – Moderate Correlation

3 – High Correlation

15 Hours

Course Code: AC-101

Course Title: COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN TEACHING LEARNING

(Compulsory Course for All PG students)

Credits: 03 Marks: 50	Mid-Sem 10 + Practical 10 = 20 marks	End Sem: 30 Marks	Total Hours: 45
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Course Outcomes

CO 1. Demonstrate basic understanding of computer applications with reference to MS Windows,

MS excel and MS PowerPoint. (Applying)

CO 2. Generate spreadsheets, charts and presentations (Creating); Explain different OERs, MOOCs

available for effective learning. (Understanding)

CO 3. Develop learners" e-portfolios. (Creating); Determine similarity index of the various

documents like dissertations, theses through plagiarism testing software. (Evaluating)

COURSE CONTENTS

Unit-I: Basics of Computer Applications (CO1, CO2, CO3, and CO4) 15 Hours

- Basics of MS Windows: Desktop, Recycle bin, My Computer, Documents, Pictures, Music, Videos, Task Bar and Control Panel. MS-Word and its features: Creating, Editing, Formatting and Printing of Documents, Inserting, Word Art, Page Numbers, Mail Merge.
- MS-Excel and its features: Creating a new worksheet, selecting cells, Entering and editing Text, Numbers, Inserting Rows/Columns, changing widths and heights of rows and columns, Formulae, referencing cells, changing of font sizes and colors.
- MS-PowerPoint and its features: Creating, Inserting and Deleting Slides of a Presentation. Adding Pictures, Inserting Objects, Audio, Video, Custom Animation and Hyperlinking of documents.

Unit-II: E-learning and its applications (CO5, CO2, CO3)

• Concept of e-learning, Approaches to e-learning: Offline, Online, Synchronous, Asynchronous, Blended learning and Mobile Learning. Security concerns related to interactive contents: Viewing, disabling and managing interactive content; securing the computer from viruses and other internet attacks.

[•]

- Creating and Sharing: (i) G-Suite: Gmail, Drive, Calendar, Meet, Chat, Doc, Sheet, Slides (ii) Surveying: SurveyMonkey, Google Forms, online spreadsheets (iii) Google Classroom: conducting classes, assessment and evaluation.
- Development of Self-Learning Materials (SLM) and e-content: Concept and its purposes, Conventional Teaching versus SLMs & e-content, Types of SLMs and e-content, Process of Developing SLMs and e-content, Content Organization, Integrating video and audio into SLMs.

Unit-III: Trends in Teaching Learning Practices (CO6, CO7, CO8, CO9, CO10)

15 Hours

- Open Education Resources: Creative Common, Massive Open Online Courses; creating learners" E-portfolios; Accessing Online Repositories, Online Libraries and E-Resources.
- Artificial Intelligence: Concept and its applications in teaching learning practices. Introduction to SPSS and R, Latex.
- Plagiarism: Regulations, similarity index of the various documents like dissertations, theses etc. through plagiarism testing software (Mendeley, Zotero).

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	2	1
CO 2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	2
CO 3	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

1 – Low Correlation

2 – Moderate Correlation

3 – High Correlation

Hard Core 201: Research Methodology

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Gain knowledge about the concept of research, its objectives, and understand the different types of research used in behaviour science in order to demonstrate its application in conducting research studies

CO 2. Understand the concept and formulation of research problem, hypothesis and gain knowledge about the steps involved in conducting research; develop the skill to follow the format of writing a research proposal and report using the APA guidelines for demonstrating its application in the conduction of research studies

CO 3. Understand the sampling techniques, errors involved and learn its applications in different areas of conducting research

CO 4. Understand the concept principles and classification of research designs, develop an insight into the internal and external validity of research designs, and develop the skill of formulating designs in research studies

CO 5. Demonstrate an understanding of the concept types and qualities of research tools, its reliability and validity, the construction and standardization procedures, and the development of norms for research tools

Course Content

Unit I	Introduction: Definition and objectives of research; Criteria of a good research, Types of research-basic research, applied research, action research-quantitative and qualitative research
Unit-	Problems, hypotheses, variables: Steps in research: Identifying and defining research
Π	problems- criteria for problem selection- formulating hypotheses- testing hypotheses-
	Type I and Type II error- Definition and types of variables, Research proposal and report writing.
Unit-	Sampling: Definition- sample size- sampling frame- Types of probability and non-
III	probability sampling; Sampling distribution, Sampling errors
Unit-	Research designs: Meaning, purpose and principles; Experimental designs – Post test
TT 7	and a design of the second second second second second design of the second second second second second second
IV	only design, Pre-test post-test only design, Solomon 4 group design, factorial design,
IV	randomized block design, crossover design; internal and external validity of research
IV	randomized block design, crossover design; internal and external validity of research designs; Quasi experimental research designs- Non-randomized control
	randomized block design, crossover design; internal and external validity of research
Unit-	randomized block design, crossover design; internal and external validity of research designs; Quasi experimental research designs- Non-randomized control group and time series design. Research tools- Types of research tools, Qualities of a good research tool, Reliability and
	randomized block design, crossover design; internal and external validity of research designs; Quasi experimental research designs- Non-randomized control group and time series design. Research tools- Types of research tools, Qualities of a good research tool, Reliability and validity of research tools, Construction and standardization of research
Unit-	randomized block design, crossover design; internal and external validity of research designs; Quasi experimental research designs- Non-randomized control group and time series design, Research tools- Types of research tools, Qualities of a good research tool, Reliability and

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO 2	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO 3	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO 4	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO 5	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2
	1 – Low Correlation 2 – Moderate Correlation 3 – High Correlation									on

Hard Core 202: Cognitive Psychology

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Develop an insight into the foundations of cognitive psychology, its brief history, physiological mechanisms, and research methods used in this field; demonstrate the ability to develop the skills of conducting cognitive science research

CO 2. Understand the concept theories functions of consciousness, and develop an insight into the Indian perspectives on consciousness and its implications in the field of psychotherapeutic intervention

CO 3. Understand the concepts process methods of language, thinking, reasoning, decision-making, and problem-solving; demonstrating the skills to apply these methods in real life events

CO 4. In-depth understanding of the applications of cognitive psychology in the areas of behavioural economics, consumer behaviour, social and clinical psychological interventions

CO 5. Understand the models and theories of decision making and problem solving; develop the skills to apply them in real life events

	Semester II Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 3 Hours							
Unit I	The Foundations of Cognitive Psychology: The Science of the Mind - scope of							
Omt I	cognitive psychology, A Brief History, the emergence of modern cognitive psychology;							
	Research in cognitive psychology; The neural basis of cognition -the							
	Principal Structures of the Brain – neurons, communication of neurons, structure of functions of brain							
Unit-II	Consciousness: Meaning, history; Consciousness and cognitive psychology; Modern							
	theories of consciousness-DICE, Global Workplace; The functions of Consciousness							
	- cognitive neuroscience of consciousness, the function of neuronal workspace,							
	consciousness as justification for action; Indian thoughts on consciousness – Vedic model -the five levels; Buddhist model.							
Unit- III								
	Language, Phonology, Words, Syntax, Sentence Parsing, Language and Thought,							
	Judgment Heuristics, Anchoring; Reasoning: Confirmation and Disconfirmation,							
	Logic, Decision-Making; Problem Solving: General Problem-Solving Methods, Relying on Past Knowledge. Defining the Problem							
Unit-IV								
	motivation; emotional intelligence, Knowledge representation; Imagery; Feature							
	Integration, Language and Reading behaviour; Applications of Cognitive Psychology in different areas a. Behavioural Economics and Consumer Behaviour b. Social							
	Psychology c. Clinical Psychology							
Unit-V	Decision Making and problem solving: Models & theories; Complex and uncertain							
	decision making; Human problem solving strategies- heuristics and algorithmic; expert and novice problem solvers; Artificial Intelligence.							

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 4	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 5	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2

1 - Low Correlation

2 – Moderate Correlation

3 – High Correlation

Hard Core 203: Applied Social Psychology

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Develop an insight into the foundations of applied social psychology, its historical context, the needs to expand this field, and develop the skill to apply its roles in social cultural organizational community economical and criminal settings

CO 2. Learn the applications of social psychology to different arenas of life in community settings and achieving a positive well-being

CO 3. Learn the applications of social psychology in addressing and handling social diversities across cultures and countries

CO 4. Learn the applications of social psychology in the study of Indian caste, class, gender, politics, developmental policies, poverty reduction techniques, and the socialization of children in Indian families

CO 5. Develop the skill of applications of social psychology to the field of criminal justice system through the modes of responding to the police investigation, courtroom, and prison settings

	Semester II Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 3 Hours
Unit I	Foundation of Applied Social Psychology: Defining Social Psychology, Defining Applied Social Psychology, Applied Social Psychology as a Science, Historical Context of Applied Social Psychology, Social Influences on Behaviour, Needs for a
	Broad Approach, and Various Roles of Applied Social Psychology.
Unit-II	Applying Social Psychology to Arenas of Life: Introduction; Applying Social Psychology to the Community- Definition, Origins and Approaches to Community Psychology, Sense of Community, and Applying Social Psychology to Positive Well-Being.

Unit- III	Applying Social Psychology to Social Diversity: Applying Social Psychology to
	Social Diversity- Cultural Diversity, Demographics: Personal Diversity, Diversity:
	Opportunities, Diversity: Challenges- Prejudice & Discrimination; Diversity and
	Conflict- Theories of Conflict, Conflict Management and Resolution.
Unit-IV	Applied Social Psychology in India: Applying Social Psychology in Study of Caste,
	Class, Gender, Population, and Politics in India. Psychology of Deprivation, Poverty
	and Human Development- Socialization of Indian Children; Planning for
	Poverty Reduction in India.
Unit-V	Applying Social Psychology to Criminal Justice: The Crime and Criminal- The
	Social Psychology of a Crime, the Origin of Criminal Behaviour, The response to the
	Criminal Justice System- The Police Investigation, The Courtroom, and The Prison
	Setting

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 4	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 5	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
1 -	Low Cori	elation	•	2 - Mod	erate Cor	relation	3 – High Correlation			

Hard Core 204: Practical

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Evaluate the motivational and value profiles of four college students (two boys and two girls) using "What motivates you?" questionnaire

CO 2. Compare the decision-making styles of three boys and three girls in the age group 18 to 20 years using "What is your decision-making style?" questionnaire

CO 3. Assess the ethical values of five adolescents by using the Donelson's Ethical Position Questionnaire and place them in quadrants

CO 4. Assess the level of anxiety of a college student using the Hamilton Anxiety Rating Scale

CO 5. Assess the Emotional Intelligence of four girls (two from U.G. 1^{st} year and two from U.G. 2^{nd} year) belonging to the age group 18-20 years, and examine the influence of age on the development of emotional intelligence during adolescence

CO 6. Assess the level of depression of a college student using the Beck Depression Inventory

CO 7. Assess the academic stress of two higher secondary students in terms of academic frustration, conflict, pressure, and anxiety using the Rao"s Academic Stress Scale

CO 8. Assess the academic attitude and behaviour of two college students, study the gender difference in respect of their engagement, perception of teacher support and academic expectations using the Student's Academic Attitude and Behaviour Rating Scale

Course Content

	Semester III Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 3Hours								
Note: Students are required to conduct all EIGHT of the following practical and maintain a practical record.									
Practical-1	Motivational factors of adolescents: To find out the motivational and value profiles of four college students (2 boys & 2 girls) using standard questionnaires.								
Practical-2									
Practical-3	Ethical Values : To assess the ethical values of five adolescents by using Donelson"s Ethical Position Questionnaire (EPQ) and place them in quadrant.								
Practical-4	Assessment of Anxiety: To assess the level of anxiety of a college student using Hamilton Anxiety Rating Scale.								
Practical-5	Emotional Intelligence: To find out the Emotional Intelligence of four girls for the examination of the age on the development of EI during adolescence.								
Practical-6	Assessment of Depression: To assess the level of depression of a college student using Beck's Depression Inventory.								
Practical-7	Academic Stress: To assess the academic stress of two Higher Secondary students, in terms of academic frustration, conflict ,pressure and anxiety using Rao''s Academic Stress Scale.								
Practical-8	Academic Attitude and Behaviour: To assess the academic attitude and behaviour of two college students and study the gender difference in respect of their engagement, perception of competence, perception of teacher support and academic expectations using the Student ^{**} s Academic Attitude and Behaviour Rating Scale.								

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 4	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 5	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
1 – Low	Correlati	on	2 – Ma	derate Co	orrelation	tion 3 – High Correlation				

Core Elective 201: Applied Psychology

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Develop an in-depth understanding of the applications of psychology to the field of education, learn the skills involved in handling specially-abled students in a classroom, develop the skills of training students for improving memory and academic achievements, develop the skill to use psychological tests in classroom assessments

CO 2. Learn the applications of psychological principles and methods in training and human resource development, leadership and participatory management, advertising and marketing; and develop the skills of using psychological interventions in the field of military selection, recruitment, and training of personnel

CO 3. Develop the skills of applying psychological principles and methods in handling issues surrounding community settings and political behaviours

CO 4. Understand the role of psychologists in the field of information technology, mass media boom, economic development, and women entrepreneurs

CO 5. Develop the skills of primary secondary and tertiary prevention techniques in the rehabilitation of mental and socially challenged persons; learn psychotherapeutic management skills for applying to patients suffering from substance abuse, juvenile delinquency, and the victims of violence, rape, and abuse

	Semester II Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 3Hours								
of psych	Objective: To impart conceptual and theoretical knowledge to students in the fundamental areas of psychology. To familiarize the students with applications of psychological principles in								
-	applied areas of Psychology.								
	e: Students will be able to appreciate the extensive application of psychology in various of human life, thereby helping them to choose their field of specialization in their future								
Unit I	Application of Psychology to Educational Field: Psychological principles underlying effective teaching-learning process. Learning styles. Gifted, retarded, learning disabled and their training. Training for improving memory and better academic achievement. Use of Psychological tests in educational institutions.								
Unit-II	Work Psychology and Organizational Behaviour: Personnel selection and training. Use of Psychological tests in the industry. Training and human resource development. Theories of work motivation. Leadership and participatory management. Advertising and marketing. The concept of Military psychology, and Psychological warfare; Role of psychologists in the defence selection, recruitment and training of personnel								
Unit- III	Community Psychology: Definition and concept of Community Psychology; Role of community psychologists in social change; Use of small groups in social action; Arousing community consciousness and action for handling social problems; Group decision making and leadership for social change. Psychology of political and voting behaviours; Psychology of corruption and strategies to deal with Psychology of Terrorism								

Unit-IV	Psychology and Economic development: Achievement motivation and economic										
	development. Principles of behavioral economics, Motivating and training people for										
	entrepreneurship and economic development. Women Entrepreneurs; Multilevel										
	marketing, The present scenario of information technology and the mass media										
	boom and the role of psychologists.										
Unit-V	Rehabilitation Psychology: Primary, secondary and tertiary; prevention programmes										
	role of psychologists. Organising of services for rehabilitation of physically, mentally										
	and socially challenged persons including old persons. Rehabilitation of persons										
	suffering from substance abuse, juvenile delinquency, criminal behaviours.										
	Rehabilitation of victims of violence. Rehabiliation of										
	HIV/.AIDS victims										

PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
	2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

1 – Low Correlation

2 – Moderate Correlation

3 – High Correlation

Core Elective 201: Psychopathology

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Develop an in-depth understanding of the symptom criteria, assessment tools, diagnosis, treatment strategies, research methods for child psychopathology

CO 2. Explain the disorders of childhood, communication, and motor skills; understand their clinical pictures, causal attributions, classifications, and psychotherapeutic management skills

CO 3. Outline the classification of anxiety disorders and pervasive developmental disorders, the clinical picture, causal factors, and explain therapeutic interventions to deal with them in a clinical setting

CO 4. Explain the substance use disorders, their clinical symptoms, causal factors, and therapeutic interventions

CO 5. Learn the major biological, psycho-social, and socio-cultural causal attributions of abnormal behaviour

Semester II Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 3Hours

-	ve: The paper provides the student with a thorough understanding of the causes, features										
-	and therapeutic intervention on developmental psychopathology.										
Outcome: Students will be able to analyze the evaluative, observational, clinical, and											
epidemiologic research approaches in psychopathology research.											
Unit I	Introduction to Developmental Psychopathology: Models of child psychopathology;										
	Development and Expression of psychopathology; DSM criteria of child										
	psychopathology; Assessment, Diagnosis and Treatment strategies; Research										
	on child Psychopathology; An overview of child psychopathology in India										
Unit-II	Developmental disorders: Diagnosed first in infancy, childhood, and adolescence										
	Mental retardation; Learning disorders• Motor skills disorder: Developmental										
	Coordination disorder Communication disorders: Expressive language disorder; Mixed										
	Receptive-Expressive language Disorder; Phonological disorder; Stuttering										
Unit- III	Clinical picture and causes: GAD, Panic Disorder, Phobia, OCD, Conversion										
	Disorder, Dissociative disorders, Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder, Pervasive										
	Developmental Disorders: Autistic disorder; Attention-Deficit and Disruptive										
	Behaviour Disorders: Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder.										
Unit-IV	Disorders related to substance use: Alcohol related disorders – alcohol use,										
	intoxication, withdrawal; Cannabis related disorders – cannabis use, intoxication,										
	withdrawal; Hallucinogen related disorders – hallucinogen use, intoxication, persisting										
	perception disorder; Tobacco related disorders. – Prevalence, Symptoms, Causes,										
	Treatment.										
Unit-V	Causes of abnormal behaviour Biogenic : genetic defects, constitutional liabilities,										
	hormonal and neurotransmitter imbalances, physical deprivation, brain pathology										
	Psychosocial : parental deprivation, pathogenic family patterns, early trauma,										
	pathogenic interpersonal relations, severe stress Socio-cultural : War and violence,										
	group prejudice and discrimination, poverty and unemployment										
	Storp Projector and discrimination, portery and anomprogramment										

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1
CO 2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 3	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	1
CO 4	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2
CO 5	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
1 – Low Correlation 2 – Moderate Correlation 3 – High Correlation									on	

Open Elective 201: Psychology of Individual and Social Issues

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Develop an extensive knowledge of psychological measurement of individual differences, standardization and construction of psychological tests, ethical issues in the use of psychological tests

CO 2. Learn the techniques and applications of psychotherapeutic approaches for intervention and management of psychosocial dysfunctions

CO 3. Learn the applications of psychological interventions to the socially deprived and disadvantaged groups

CO 4. Demonstrate an understanding of the applications of psychological bases for social change

Course Content

	Semester II Marks- 50 , Credit- 4, Time- 3Hours									
of indivi	re: To impart conceptual and theoretical knowledge to students in the fundamental areas dual difference. To familiarize the students with applications of social issues in different areas of Psychology.									
	e: Students will be able to appreciate the extensive application of psychology in various of human life, thereby helping them to choose their field of specialization in their future									
Unit I	Psychological Measurement of Individual Difference: The nature of individual differences; Characteristics and Construction of standardized psychological tests; Use, misuse and limitation of psychology tests; Ethical issues in the use of psychological tests.									
Unit-II	Therapeutic Approaches: Psychodynamic Therapies, Behaviour Therapies, Client Centered Therapy, Cognitive Therapies, Indigenous Therapies (Yoga, Reiki, Meditation), Biofeedback Therapy, Prevention and Rehabilitation of the mentally ill.									
Unit- III	Application of Psychology to Disadvantaged Groups: The concepts of disadvantaged, deprivation and socially deprived; social, physical, cultural and economic consequences of disadvantaged and deprived groups; Educating and motivating the disadvantaged towards development.									
Unit-IV										
Mapping	g of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes									

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	2
CO 3	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2
CO 4	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	2

1 - Low Correlation 2 - Moderate Correlation 3 - High Correlation

Hard Core 301: Statistics

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Develop an extensive knowledge of the concept and applications of the normal probability curve, hypothesis testing, levels of significance, confidence interval, effect size, and power of statistical test

CO 2. Develop an in-depth understanding of the assumptions of parametric statistical tests - its computations, assumptions, and uses in research work

CO 3. Develop an in-depth understanding of the assumptions of non-parametric statistical tests - its computations, assumptions, and uses in research work

CO 4. Develop an in-depth understanding of the assumptions of correlational methods in statistics - its computations, assumptions, and uses in research work

CO 5. Understand the concept, assumptions, equations, and interpretations of regression and its types; learn the application of regression statistics in research designs

	Semester III
	Marks – 100 (30 + 70) Credit – 5
interpret	ve: To create among students an in-depth understanding of quantitative data analysis and ations in psychological research and, to help students learn the usefulness and application ent statistical methods in psychology.
	e: Students will be able to independently carry out their assigned practical, field works arch projects requiring quantitative analysis and interpretation of data
Unit I	Introduction to Statistics: Normal Probability Curve- Characteristics, errors, and applications; Hypothesis testing: Type I and Type II error, Level of significance, Confidence interval, effect size, Power of the test
Unit-II	Parametric Statistics: Assumptions, advantages, and limitations, single sample, z-test, Independent and correlated sample "t" test, One way analysis of variance, Two way analysis of variance, Post-hoc tests- Scheffe and Tukey, Eta square test.
Unit- III	Non-parametric Statistics: Mann-Whitney U test, Wilcoxon signed-rank test, Kruskal-Wallis H test, Friedman"s Two way ANOVA, Chi-square tests.
Unit-IV	Correlations: Pearson"s product-moment correlation- ungrouped and groupeddata, Rank order correlation, Special types of correlations - Phi-coefficient, Kendall"s Tau, Biserial and Point biserial correlations, partial and multiple correlations.
Unit-V	Regressions: Bivariate regression - Assumptions of regression, Building blocks of regression, Ordinary least square solution, Regression line, equation, and parameters, interpretation of regression and accuracy of prediction, Concept of multiple regression

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1
CO 2	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1
CO 3	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1
CO 4	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1
CO 5	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2

1 – Low Correlation

2 – Moderate Correlation

3 – High Correlation

Hard Core 302: Health Psychology

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Develop an insight into the nature models and scope of health psychology

CO 2. Understand the role of behavioural factors in disease and disorder prevention, control, and management

CO 3. Understand the psychological interventions and assessments underlying health promoting and compromising behaviours; learn the skills of pain management

CO 4. Learn the skills of seeking and using health care services

CO 5. Understand the psychotherapeutic techniques and applications of management of chronic and terminal illnesses

	Semester III
	Marks – 100 (30 + 70) Credit – 5
well as the health be	ve: To enable the students, gain an understanding of the health habits and behaviours, as the psychological principles applied in promotion and prevention of diseases, predicting enaviors.
	e: Students will be able to apply the principles and understanding in modifying health and behaviors.
Unit I	Nature, Development, Model and need: Definition of Health Psychology; Mind-Body
	Relationship; History of Health Psychology as a branch of study; Rise of
	Biopsychosocial Model – advantages, clinical implications; The Need for Health
	Psychology – changing patterns of illness, advances in technology and research, expanded health care services, increased medical acceptance.
Unit-II	Health Behaviours: Role of behavioural factors in Disease and Disorder, Health
	behaviours and health habits, Practicing and changing health behaviours, Barriers to
	modify poor health behaviours, Attitude change, Health Belief Model, Cognitive
	Behavioural Approaches, Health modifications through family, Self- Help Groups,

	Schools, Workplace Intervention, Community Based Intervention, Mass Media, Cellular phone, Landlines, Internet.
Unit- III	Health Promoting and Compromising Behaviours, Pain management: Benefits of
	Exercise, Healthy diet, Sleep and health, Obesity, Eating Disorders, Alcoholism and
	problem Drinking, Treatment programme, Preventive approaches, Smoking and
	Nicotine addiction, Intervention to reduce smoking, Smoking prevention programme,
	Elusive nature of pain, Acute and Chronic pain and Personality, Pain Control
	Techniques.
Unit-IV	Seeking and Using Health Care Services: Recognition and Interpretation of symptoms,
	Nature of patient-provider communication, Language Barriers to effective
	communication, Patients" contribution to faulty communication, Good communication,
	Placebo effect, Non-adherence to treatment Regimens, Ways to improve adherence to
	treatment, Structure of the Hospital, Effect of Hospitalization on the patients, Burnout
	among Health Care Professionals.
	Management of Chronic and Terminal Disorders <mark>:</mark> Quality of life, Emotional responses
	to Chronic illnesses, Personal Issues, Coping strategies, Physical Rehabilitation, Job
	Redesign and Vocational issues, Social Interaction problems, Gender and the impact of
	Chronic illness, Positive changes - Intervention-Pharmacological, Individual Therapy,
	Relaxation, Stress Management and Exercise, Social Support Interventions, Help on the
	Internet, Support Groups, Hospice care.

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	2
CO 2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO 3	2	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	1
CO 4	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2
CO 5	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
1 -	Low Corr	elation	2	– Moderat	te Correla	tion	3 -	- High Co	rrelation	1

Hard Core 303: Practical

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Study the mean difference in the academic performance of boys and girls in four school students namely English, mathematics, history and geography for essay type examinations

CO 2. Self-administer two questionnaires to learn about personal affinity towards one group and the primary mode of conflict-handling intention in the group

CO 3. Examine the self-concept by self-administering the "How accurate is your self-concept?" scale

CO 4. Collect the case history of one high school student in standard format and formulate a case report

CO 5. Determine the personality type of a student by obtaining responses from him/her and also about him/her from two of his/her close friends using Glazer"s "Are you stress-prone Type A personality?" scale

CO 6. Assess the extent of physical neglect and physical abuse of two primary school students on the basis of teachers" rating on the "Indicators of Child Abuse" checklist

CO 7. Assess the spiritual intelligence of four adults including two men and two women, using the King's Spiritual Intelligence questionnaire and find out the gender difference in spiritual intelligence during early adulthood

CO 8. Determine the modes of adjustment, general levels of adjustment and areas of adjustment such as marital, social, and vocational

Course Content

Practical-8

Semester III Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 3Hours

Note: Students are required to conduct all EIGHT of the following practical and maintain a practical record.

Objective: To help students to understand how psychologists study human behaviour and how this knowledge can be used to explain, predict, and influence human behavior

Outcome: Students will be able to demonstrate skills in research, communication and reporting of research documents, ethical behaviour in research, professional in test administration and interpretation and understand the mechanisms of complex cognitive processes

Practical-1	Reporting of Statistical Results: To study the difference in the academic
1 factical-1	
	performance of boys and girls in four school subjects namely English, Mathematics,
	History and Geography for essay type examinations.
Practical-2	Group Affiliation: To self-administer two questionnaires to learn about my affinity
	towards my group and the primary mode of my conflict-handling intention in the
	group.
D (10	
Practical-3	How Accurate is Your Self-Concept is: To examine my self-concept by using the
	"How Accurate is Your Self-Concept?"scale.
Practical-4	Case Reporting: To collect the case history of a high school student in standard
	format and submit the report.
Practical-5	Personality Types: To determine the personality type of a student by obtaining
Practical-5	
Practical-5	responses from him/her and also about him /her from two of his / her close friends
	responses from him/her and also about him /her from two of his / her close friends using Glazer"s "Are you stress- prone Type A personality?"Scale.
Practical-5 Practical-6	responses from him/her and also about him /her from two of his / her close friends using Glazer"s "Are you stress- prone Type A personality?"Scale. Indicators of Child Abuse: To assess the extent of physical neglectand physical
	 responses from him/her and also about him /her from two of his / her close friends using Glazer"s "Are you stress- prone Type A personality?"Scale. Indicators of Child Abuse: To assess the extent of physical neglectand physical abuse of 2 primary school children on the basis of teachers" rating on the "Indicators"
	responses from him/her and also about him /her from two of his / her close friends using Glazer"s "Are you stress- prone Type A personality?"Scale. Indicators of Child Abuse: To assess the extent of physical neglectand physical
	 responses from him/her and also about him /her from two of his / her close friends using Glazer"s "Are you stress- prone Type A personality?"Scale. Indicators of Child Abuse: To assess the extent of physical neglectand physical abuse of 2 primary school children on the basis of teachers" rating on the "Indicators"
Practical-6	 responses from him/her and also about him /her from two of his / her close friends using Glazer"s "Are you stress- prone Type A personality?"Scale. Indicators of Child Abuse: To assess the extent of physical neglectand physical abuse of 2 primary school children on the basis of teachers" rating on the "Indicators of Child Abuse" Checklist. Spiritual Intelligence: To assess the spiritual intelligence of 4 adults including two
Practical-6	responses from him/her and also about him /her from two of his / her close friends using Glazer"s "Are you stress- prone Type A personality?"Scale. Indicators of Child Abuse: To assess the extent of physical neglectand physical abuse of 2 primary school children on the basis of teachers" rating on the "Indicators of Child Abuse" Checklist.

Neuroticism: To determine the modes of adjustment, general levels of Adjustment

& areas of Adjustment such as marital, social & vocational.

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO 4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO 5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO 6	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO 7	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO 8	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
1 -	Low Corr	elation	2	– Modera	te Correla	tion	3 -	- High Co	rrelation	•

Core Elective 301: School Counselling

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Develop an understanding of the history, nature, scope, and requirements of counselling in school settings

CO 2. Develop the skills for the management of scholastic, emotional, conduct, sexuality problem areas in childhood and adolescence, as well as counselling parents and teachers

CO 3. Develop the skills for managing social and personal problems in school setting

CO 4. Understand and learn to apply the skills for managing and guiding special learners and under achievers in school

CO 5. Demonstrate the skills and abilities to provide psychological interventions in victims of physical, verbal, sexual, emotional abuse

Semester III Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 3Hours

Unit I Introduction to guidance and counselling :

History, nature, scope and needs of counselling in schools, individual differences, the role of student advisor and teacher in school counselling - important features; School counselling for the 21st century.

Unit-II Counselling and management:

Common childhood problems, School refusal, scholastic backwardness, conduct and emotional problems, counselling adolescents regarding sexuality and substance abuse, counselling parents and teachers.

Unit- III Strategies for Social and Personal Problems:

Developing self-confidence, Assertive training, Improving communication skills, Mental and Physical Methods of Relaxation; Self-improving Programmes : study skills training, Problem Solving Techniques, Managing Motivation, Time Management, Remedies for Procrastination, Decision Making.

Unit-IV Areas of Educational Guidance:

Purpose, Functions, Guidance for Special Learners, Gifted and Creative Students, Under Achievers, Students with Learning Disabilities.

Unit-V Abuse Counselling:

Types of Abuse, Causal Theories of Abuse, Effects of Abuse, Statutory Requirements, Implications for Counselors, Support Networks, Referral Processes. Legal and Ethical responsibilities in school counselling: Legal concepts - Ethical standards - Government regulations - Maintaining good student records

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	1
CO 2	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	1
CO 3	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO 4	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	1
CO 5	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	1

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

1 – Low Correlation 2 – Moderate Correlation

3 – High Correlation

Core Elective 301: Guidance & Counselling

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Understand the concept, processes, techniques, and challenges of guidance and counselling

CO 2. Understand the characteristics of different areas and stages of development, learn the skills of handling problems of childhood, adolescence, adulthood, and old age

CO 3. Develop basic counselling skills, interview and history taking techniques, collecting and documenting case histories, and working with other health professionals

CO 4. Develop ethical understanding and codes of conduct in practising counselling in professional setting

CO 5. Develop the skills and techniques of providing counselling services to special groups such as socially and economically disadvantaged, destitute, orphans, drop-outs, drug addicts, suicidal

Course Content

Semester III Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 3Hours

Unit I Nature and Scope Of Guidance:

Concept and Definition of Guidance and Counselling, Guidance and Life Goals, the Counselling Vocation, The Phases of the Counselling Process (Assessment, Intervention, and Termination), Characteristics of an Effective Counsellor, Personal challenges as a Counsellor.

Unit-II Stages of Human Development and Areas Of Guidance:

Characteristics of Different Stages of Development (Physical, Cognitive, Emotional, Social, and Moral), Problems of Childhood, Problems of Adolescence, Problems of Adulthood and the Aged, The Concept of Adjustment and Adjustment at Different Stages of Life

Unit- III The Client-Counsellor Relationship:

The Counsellor as a Role Model, The Counsellor's Needs Counsellor Objectivity/Subjectivity, Emotional Involvement, Counsellor Limits in Practice. Basic Counselling Skills: Observation Skills, Questioning, Communication Skills (Listening, Feedback, Non-Verbal), Making Notes and Reflections, The Counselling Interview History Taking, Interviewing (Characteristics, Types, Techniques), and Developing Case Histories: Collecting, Documenting Information, Working with Other Professionals.

Unit-IV Ethics in Counselling:

Need for Ethical Standards, Ethical Codes and Guidelines. Rights of Clients: Dimensions of Confidentiality, Dual Relationships in Counselling Practices, The Counsellor's Ethical and Legal Responsibilities, Ethical Issues in the Assessment Process.

Unit-V Counselling Special Groups:

Characteristics and Needs of Special Groups, Socially and Economically Disadvantaged, Destitute and Orphans, Delinquents, Drop-outs, Aids Patients, Drug Addicts and Alcoholics, Suicide, Abuse Counselling. Identifying Support Networks, Referral Processes.

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2
CO 2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2
CO 3	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	2
CO 4	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	2
CO 5	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
1 -	Low Corr	elation	2	– Modera	te Correla	tion	3 -	- High Co	rrelation	

Core Elective 302: Theoretical Systems in Psychology

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Develop an understanding of the evolution of scientific method in psychology as a science and social science

CO 2. Gain knowledge about the evolution of contemporary psychology through post-modern and multicultural movements

CO 3. Develop an extensive understanding of functionalism, behaviourism, gestalt, and cognitivism as the foundational approaches in the field of psychology

CO 4. Develop an understanding of constructivism and social constructivism as the contemporary approaches in psychology

CO 5. Gain knowledge about the developmental initiatives and the call of indigenization towards achieving a global psychological paradigm

Semester III Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 3Hours Unit I The Evolution of the Scientific Method in Psychology:

An overview of Psychology as a Science, as a social science. The rise of Experimental Psychology; Voluntarism; Structuralism (Contribution of Wilhelm Wundt and Titchener); and Other Early Approaches to Psychology.

Unit-II Contemporary Psychology:

The diversity of contemporary psychology, the tension between pure, scientific and applied psychology, psychology"s status as a science, globalization and the field of psychology, postmodernism, and multicultural movements

Unit- III Approaches of Psychology:

Functionalism (James, Dewey, and Cattell), Behaviourism (Watson, Skinner and Mc Dougall), Gestalt (Wertheimer, Koffka and Kohler) and Cognitivism (Piaget and Post Piagetian).

Unit-IV Other Approaches of Psychology II:

Constructivism and Social Constructivism (Vygotsky, Gregan and Bruner

Unit-V Development Initiatives and the Call for Indigenization:

Western psychology in the developing world, the call for indigenization, systematic deterrents to the development of psychology in the developing world, linking the social and economic aspects toward a global psychology paradigm

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2
CO 2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	2
CO 3	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2
CO 4	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2
CO 5	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	1	1	2
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Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

1 – Low Correlation

2 – Moderate Correlation

3 - High Correlation

Core Elective 302: Applied Social Psychology II

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Learn the application of social psychology in Indian caste, class, gender, population, and policy systems

CO 2. Learn the social psychological aspects of language in India, and the deficiencies of learning in disadvantaged children

CO 3. Understand the psychology of deprivation, poverty, and human development

CO 4. Understand the role of psychology in nation building

CO 5. Develop an in-depth understanding of the types, causes, consequences, prevention, and interventions for violence against children in India

Course Content

Semester III Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 3Hours Unit I Applied Social Psychology in India; Applying Social Psychology in Study of Caste, Class, Gender, Population, and Politics in India. Unit-II Society, Ecology, and Competence; Social Psychological aspects of language in India, Disadvantaged Children''s Deficiency in Learning. Unit-III Psychology of Deprivation, Poverty and Human Development- Socialization of Indian Children; Planning for Poverty Reduction in India. Unit-IV Marginalization and Social Mobility in India; Development and Social Tensions; Role of Psychology in Nation building. Unit-V Violence : Types of violence. Violence against children, causes and consequences, error and interpreting and biotence in the Child Bala of Interpreting Longita

prevention and intervention. UN Convention on Rights of the Child, Role of International Agencies, legal measures for prevention of violence against children, National Commission for Protection of Child Rights, its objectives and importance; Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS)

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1
CO 2	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1
CO 3	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO 4	1	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
CO 5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1 - Low C	orrelation	1	2 - Mod	erate Cor	relation		3 – High	Correlati	on

FI-201: Field Internship

Course Outcomes

CO 1. First hand training and exposure to work culture, ethical conducts, and professional practice of psychotherapeutic interventions in a clinical setting

CO 2. This field experience gained in a clinical setup allows for better employment opportunities in the future

Course Content

Semester III Marks- 50 (10+40), Credit- 3, Time- 1 hour 30 minutes

Objective: The internship programme is to expose the students to the work environment to have practical idea about the nature of the work that they are likely to take up in future. Work place can be a Mental hospital or Psychiatric clinic, schools and colleges, NGOs, Special schools having children with various degrees of Mental retardation, Rehabilitation Centres where skill trainings are provided taking into consideration their ability, aptitude and interest.

Outcome: First hand training will give a broad idea about the various activities that are being taken up by institutions for the children and adults with special needs. The experience gained in these organizations will help them in getting employment in Government and Private organizations to work for the differently abled people and specially challenged children.

They can get associated with NGOs as Trainers to impart training and getting them skilled for appropriate employment and Self-help skills. Head of the Department and Faculty members must have to take up the challenges in contacting the Heads of such organization for the placement in training programmes as interns. Faculty members have to guide students in carrying out the work and writing a report on the basis of their direct exposure and hand on experience. At the end of the training programme, students have to submit an Internship report for evaluation by the departmental examining committee. Looking at the progress and commitment of the students, Mid-Sem assessment is to be done. Likewise, final assessment is to be made on the basis of the entire work accomplished at the end of the Semester by the Examining Committee.

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

CO 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2
CO 2 2	2

1 – Low Correlation

2 – Moderate Correlation

3 – High Correlation

Hard Core 401: Social Psychology

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Develop an understanding of the basic social psychological concepts and learn the various research methods applied in social psychological research.

CO 2. Learn the theories of attitude formation, attitude change, and roles of attitude in inter-group situations. Understand the factors leading to prejudice against specific groups and outline different ways of reducing prejudice.

CO 3. Identify and evaluate the factors impacting group cohesiveness and conflict, and analyse the theories to understand leadership in group settings.

CO 4. Analyse the theories of pro-social behaviour and aggression, and learn the ways to enhance pro-social behaviour and reduce aggression as cited from the research findings.

CO 5. Practically assess the ethical values of five adolescents by using the Donelson's Ethical Position Questionnaire.

Semester IV Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 3Hours

Unit I Nature and perspectives in Social psychology, Attribution and Impression formation:

Definition of Social Psychology, its scientific nature, behaviour in socio-cultural context, new perspectives in new millennium: influence of Cognitive perspective, Social diversity, Role of biological factors and the Evolutionary perspective; Attribution, Theories, Basic sources of Error; Impression formation and Impression management.

Unit-II Nature of Attitude, Cognitive dissonance, Social Identity and Gender Identity:

Attitude, Nature and formation, Change, Persuasion, Resistance, Cognitive Dissonance, Reducing Dissonance, Social Identity, Self-concept, Self-esteem, Gender Identity, Gender Stereotypes, Gender revolution and related issues.

Unit- III Prejudice, Discrimination, Inter personal attraction, Close relation:

Prejudice and Discrimination, Nature and Origin, Intergroup conflict, Role of Social Learning, Social Categorization, Stereotypes, Techniques to reduce Prejudice; Interpersonal attraction, Power of proximity, Need to affiliate, Determinants of Interpersonal Likes and Dislikes, Close relationship: Adult relationship and attachment style, Romantic Relationships, Marriage, the ultimate close relationship.

Unit-IV Altruism, Nature and Empathy; Aggression, theoretical perspective, Determinants and prevention:

Altruism, Prosocial Behaviour, Bystander^{**}s apathy, Decision to help in an emergency, Self- interest, Moral integrity and Moral Hypocrisy, Empathy-Altruism; Aggression, its nature, Theoretical perspectives, Determinants- Social, Personal and Situational, Bullying, Workplace violence, Prevention and Control of Aggression.

Unit-V Nature and function of Group, Social loafing, Conflict and leadership:

Group, Nature, function, Roles, Status, Norms and Cohesiveness, Social facilitation and Social Loafing, Cooperation and Conflict, Nature, Causes and Effects of Conflict, Leadership: Patterns of influence within Groups.

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
CO 2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2
CO 3	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO 4	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	2
CO 5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO 6	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	1 - Low C	Correlation	. <u> </u>	2 - Mod	erate Cor	relation		3 – High	Correlati	on

Hard Core 402: Practical

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Practically assess the basic leadership styles of four college students including two boys and two girls and observe gender difference in leadership style using the Greenberg Basic Leadership Styles Questionnaire.

CO 2. Evaluate the pattern of development of empathy among the adolescent girls in the age group of 14 to 18 years using the Toronto Empathy Questionnaire.

CO 3. Determine and compare the quality of sleep of academically better and poor college students using the "Pittsburgh Sleep Quality Index".

CO 4. To measure the marital relationship of two couples using Learner's Couple Adjustment Scale and find out the effect of aging on couple adjustment.

CO 5. Assess the conflict-Handling style of four college students including two boys and two girls and observe gender differences in conflict-handling by using Rahim's Scale for Interpersonal Conflict-Handling Style.

CO 6. Determine the sense of humor of four college students including two boys and two girls and observe gender differences in sense of humor using the Sense of Humor Questionnaire.

CO 7. Assess the quality of life in two nuclear and two joint families by obtaining responses from their adolescent sons using "The Beach Center Family Quality of life Scale."

CO 8. Measure the level of happiness of four adults, 2 each belonging to low and high income level, using Oxford Happiness Questionnaire.

Note: Students are required to conduct all EIGHT of the following practical and maintain a practical record.

Objective: To help students to understand how psychologists study human behaviour and how this knowledge can be used to explain, predict, and influence human behaviour

Outcome: Students will be able to demonstrate skills in research, communication and reporting of research documents, ethical behaviour in research, professional in test administration and interpretation and understand the mechanisms of complex cognitive processes

morproduite	in and understand the meenamisms of complex cognitive processes
Practical-1	Leadership Style: To assess the basic leadership styles of 4 college students
	including two boys and two girls and to observe gender difference in leadership style using the Greenberg Basic Leadership Styles Questionnaire.
Practical-2	Empathy : To find out the pattern of development of empathy among the adolescent
	girls in the age group of 14 to 18 years using the Toronto Empathy Questionnaire.
Practical-3	Quality of Sleep: To determine and compare the quality of sleep of academically
	better and poor college students using the "Pittsburg Sleep Quality Index".
Practical-4	Marital Relationship: To measure the marital relationship of two couples using
	Learner"s Couple Adjustment Scale and find out the effect of aging on couple
	adjustment.
Practical-5	Conflict- Handling: To assess the conflict-Handling style of 4 college students
	including two boys and two girls and to observe gender difference in conflict-
1	mendaling two boys and two gins and to observe gender anterence in connect
	handling by using Rahim Scale for Interpersonal Conflict-Handling Style.
Practical-6	
Practical-6	handling by using Rahim Scale for Interpersonal Conflict-Handling Style.
Practical-6	handling by using Rahim Scale for Interpersonal Conflict-Handling Style. Sense of Humor: To determine the sense of humor of 4 college students including
Practical-6 Practical-7	 handling by using Rahim Scale for Interpersonal Conflict-Handling Style. Sense of Humor: To determine the sense of humor of 4 college students including two boys and two girls to observe gender difference in sense of humor using the
	 handling by using Rahim Scale for Interpersonal Conflict-Handling Style. Sense of Humor: To determine the sense of humor of 4 college students including two boys and two girls to observe gender difference in sense of humor using the Sense of Humor Questionnaire.
	 handling by using Rahim Scale for Interpersonal Conflict-Handling Style. Sense of Humor: To determine the sense of humor of 4 college students including two boys and two girls to observe gender difference in sense of humor using the Sense of Humor Questionnaire. Quality of Family Life: To assess the quality of life in two nuclear and two joint
	 handling by using Rahim Scale for Interpersonal Conflict-Handling Style. Sense of Humor: To determine the sense of humor of 4 college students including two boys and two girls to observe gender difference in sense of humor using the Sense of Humor Questionnaire. Quality of Family Life: To assess the quality of life in two nuclear and two joint families by obtaining responses from their adolescent sons using "The Beach Center
Practical-7	 handling by using Rahim Scale for Interpersonal Conflict-Handling Style. Sense of Humor: To determine the sense of humor of 4 college students including two boys and two girls to observe gender difference in sense of humor using the Sense of Humor Questionnaire. Quality of Family Life: To assess the quality of life in two nuclear and two joint families by obtaining responses from their adolescent sons using "The Beach Center Family Quality of life Scale."

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 4	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 5	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 6	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 7	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO 8	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
	1 – Low	Correlatio	n	2 – Mod	erate Cor	relation		3 – High	Correlati	o n

Hard Core 403: Dissertation

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Independently prepare a research design to carry out a research project

CO 2. Review the related research papers and discover a research problem for the study, and formulate the hypothesis

CO 3. Understand and apply the process of administration, scoring, and interpretation of the instrument to be used to measure the variables under study

CO 4. Learn and apply the use of statistical techniques for interpretation of data

CO 5. Learn the APA style of reporting a research study

CO 6. Prepare the research report as per the guidelines of APA

Course Content

Semester IV Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 1 Hour 30 mts.

Objective: Students are to be exposed to the field of research, select a research topic, plan out the design to conduct research, selection of sample and tools, statistical methods to analyse the data and writing the dissertation on the basis of their the findings

Outcome: Students will develop the skill to conduct research independently on psycho- socially relevant topics and contribute to the alleviation of problems that are affecting the children, adolescents, adults and elderly population through policy decisions of the government and psychological intervention at the individual and also at the community level.

Initially Students have to discuss their research ideas with their respective supervisors and give shape to a proposal for carrying out a research study. Topics should have academic and social relevance, so that the work can be published in journals as papers or as book chapters

In the examination, students have to present their work through ppt mode, followed by question and answer session. Students have to defend their work, explain and clarify the queries of the examiners. The Examining committee will have to evaluate the quality of the research work, presentation skill, and performance in the viva voce and accordingly marks will be awarded.

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	
CO 1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
CO 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
CO 3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
CO 4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
CO 5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
	1 – Low Correlation 2 – Moderate Correlation 3 – High Correlation										

Core Elective 401: Positive Psychology

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Develop an in-depth knowledge of the perspectives of positive psychology

CO 2. Learn the skills and applications of developing resilience in childhood, positive youth development, and life tasks of adulthood

CO 3. Understand the concepts of positive emotional states and processes of attaining psychological well-being

CO 4. Develop an extensive knowledge of the mindfulness, flow, and spirituality; learn its practical applications in treating psychopathology

CO 5. Demonstrate an understanding of the concepts and applications of attachment, love and flourishing relationships; learn its application in building positive and health relationship

	Semester IV									
	Marks – 100 (30 + 70) Credit – 5									
	Objective: To expose students to the magnificent role played by our positive thinking, attitude, social support, helping behavior, optimism and hope leading to a happy and meaningful life.									
	Outcome: Positive frame of mind and outlook will bring in sea change in the behavior of people making them more efficacious and promote their well-being.									
Unit I	Looking at Psychology from a positive perspective: Defining Positive Psychology, Building human strength, Going from Negative to Positive, Eastern and Western perspectives: Athenian, Judeo-Christianity traditions; Confucianism, Taoism, Buddhism, Hinduism, Different ways to positive outcome, The Rugged Individualist and the construct of Hope, Eastern values: Compassion and Harmony.									
Unit-II	Living well at every stage of life: Resilience in Childhood: Nature of Resilience, Resilience Resources; Positive Youth Development: Nature, Programs of Development; The Life Tasks of Adulthood: Trajectories of precocious children, Primary tasks of adulthood, Successful aging: Features, Adult Development study; Developmental focus in Positive Psychology.									
Unit- III	Positive Emotional States and Processes : Defining Emotional terms: Affect, Emotion, Happiness, Subjective Well-being; Positive Emotions: Expanding the Repertoire of Pleasure, Determinants of Well-being,21st Century definition of Happiness, Complete Mental Health: Emotional, Social and Psychological Well-Being, Increasing Happiness in life, Enhancement strategies.									
Unit-IV	Mindfulness, Flow and Spirituality: Mindfulness as a state of mind, Moment to moment searches, In search of Novelty, Benefits of Mindfulness; Flow; In search of absorption, Optimal Experience, The flow state, The Autotelic Personality, Longitudinal Flow Research, Cultural comparisons, Fostering Flow and its benefits; Spirituality: In search of the Sacred, Benefits of Spirituality.									
Unit-V	Attachment, Love and Flourishing Relationship: Infant attachment, Adult Attachment Security, Passionate and Companionate aspects of Romantic Love, Triangular theory of Love, Self-expression theory of Romantic Love, Flourishing Relationship: Purposive Positive Relationship Behaviours, Building a Mindful Relationship Connection, Creating a Culture of Appreciation, Capitalizing on Positive Events, Praise: Encouraging Signs.									

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	2
CO 2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO 3	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	2
CO 4	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO 5	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	2
1 – Low Correlation 2 – Moderate Correlation 3 – High Correlation										

Core Elective 401: Counselling Psychology

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Develop a foundational knowledge on the concept, history, and current trends in counselling; learn the comparative analysis between counselling, guidance, and psychotherapy

CO 2. Develop an understanding of the structure, settings, and processes of the counselling sessions; learn the roles and qualities of an effective counsellor

CO 3. Develop an in-depth knowledge of the theoretical approaches and their applications used in counselling process

CO 4. Develop an understanding and practical applications of counselling the victims of children from – abused, alcoholic, divorced parents

CO 5. Learn the ethical considerations, rules, and issues involved in the counselling process

Semester IV

Marks- 100 (30+70), Credit- 5, Time- 3Hours

Unit I Definition and nature:

Definition of Counselling, History and current trends, Dealing with violence, Trauma and Crises, Guidance, Psychotherapy and Counselling, Promoting wellness

Unit-II Set up and processes in Counselling:

Structure, Initiative, Physical setting, Client Qualities, Counsellor Qualities, Effective Counsellor, Types of initial interviews, Conducting the initial interview, Exploration and identification of goals, Transference and Countertransference, Termination.

Unit- III Theories of Counselling:

Psychoanalysis, Rogerian Counselling, Rational Emotive Therapy, Cognitive Behavioural Counselling, Transactional Analysis.

Unit-IV Relief and Transformation through Counselling: Child abuse, Children of divorced parents, Children in alcoholic families, AIDS Counselling, Homeless children, Marriage and family Counselling, Counselling the elderly

Unit-V Ethics and Counselling: Definitions of Ethics, Morality and Law, Ethics in Counselling, Educating Counsellors in Ethical Decision Making

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	1
CO 2	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	1
CO 3	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	1
CO 4	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO 5	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
	1 - Low C	orrelation		3 – High	Correlati	on				

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

Allied Core 401: Women & Society

Course Outcomes

CO 1. Familiarize with the women lead environmental movements and women's participation in the climate resilience natural resources management.

CO 2. Acquire knowledge on the differential impact of climate change disasters.

CO 3. Be familiar with the role of technology and how has ICT brought about a change in on women"s everyday lives and livelihoods.

CO 4. It will enhance students" critical thinking in the use and management of technology in different productive sectors across different category of women.

CO 5. Gain an insight into the women and law from rights and equality of opportunity in the access to justice as well as the nuances involved in it.

CO 6. Entrust with the duties of framing reports, conducting research and development activities and solving the issues of injustice imparted to the public.

Course Content

	Semester IV Marks- 50 (15+35), Credit- 3, Time- 1 hour 30 mts.								
role of s	Objective: This course will highlight the social construction of gender in Indian society and the role of social institutions in the socialization process. Gendered family relations do not occur in vacuum and the course work help trace the reasons of gender inequality and gender discrimination.								
Gender s Religious	Outcome: The students will understand the Social construction of Gender, Gender Roles and Gender stereotyping. The course will enable students to understand Women and Religion and Religious conceptualization of women. It discusses Social Structures, Changing Status of Women in India and Contemporary Debates on Indian women and Empowerment.								
Unit I	 Social Construction of Gender: Sex and Gender - Nature versus Culture, Equality versus Difference - Gender Roles, Gender stereotyping. Women and Religion: women as repositories of cultural practices and traditions Sexual division of labor, Public-Private Dichotomy, Religious conceptualization of women. 								
Unit-II	Social Structures : Kinship - Forms of Family and Household - Institutions of Marriage and Divorce, Politics of reproduction, Dowry, Property Rights - Class/Caste: hierarchy, difference and mobility; Contemporary Debates: Indian women: Identity and Illusion - Representation and Issues of marginalised women - Violence, victimhood and agency – Empowerment.								
Unit- III	Changing Status of Women in India: Women in Ancient and Pre-Colonial India - Women in Colonial Period: Women's participation in the freedom movement, and women's organization - Women in Post-Colonial India: Towards Equality Report, Sharamshakti Report								

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	1
CO 2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	1
CO 3	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	1
CO 4	2	1	2	1	3	2	1	2	2	2
CO 5	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	2
CO 6	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

1 - Low Correlation

2 – Moderate Correlation

3 - High Correlation